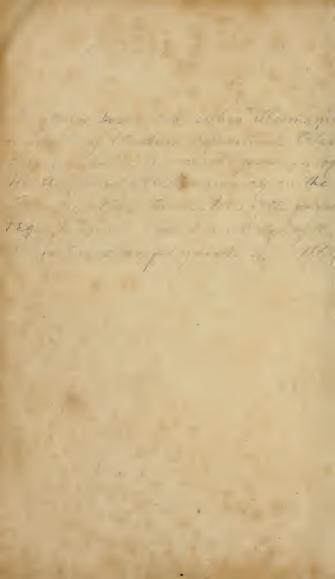




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The Wise-Mans Crown

OR, THE

GLORY

Of the Rofie-Crofs.

SHEWING The Wonderful Power of Nature, with the full difcovery of the true Calum Terre, or first Matter of Metals, and their Preparations into incredible Medicines or Elixirs that cure all Difeases in Young or Old: With the Regio Lucir, and holy Houshold of Rosie Crucian Philosophers.

Communicated to the World By JOHN HEYDON, Gent. A Servant of GOD, and Secretary to Nature.

'Ers ins tis δρίων institus "σω. (i. e.) He that looketh upon my Books, let him learn to be religious.

LONDON: Printed for the Author; and are to be fold by Samuel Speed at the Rainbow in Fleetsfreet. 1664.





To the Most Excellently Accomplished the truly honourable learned wife vertuous O.c.

Bevis Lloyd Elq.

Eterna Health be wilhed.



Would have you know, that I love and honor you beyond expression_and shall serve you in Art and Nature to my power, I have prefumed to make you one

in the number of my Noble Patrons, because I hear the wiskedness of some Pulpit Polititians incessantly rageing against my person which they never saw, nor perhaps will see, these sophistical Sicophants contend against me continually with bitter hatred, envy and Allice, without any provocation on my part

One

The Epistle Dedicatory.

one very proudly with a full month and loug voice aspersed me with Atheisme in St. Pauls Church in his morning Sermon the eight of May, before the Lord Mayor and others, Amonst a promiscuous people, Railing against the Rolie Crucians, who Art and Nature united, Others in Coffee discourse and stinking Smoak of Tobacco did fill the ears of the Ignorant with my infamy others in publique and private assemblies, I bear do instigate the Dukes Princes and Peers of England & against me, But my Religion being published. I would have you know my Philosoply is to know God himself, the worker of all things, O to pass into him by a whole Image of likenes. (as by an Estential Contract and bond) where by me may be transformed and made as God As the Lord spake concerning Moses, saying I have made thee the God of Pharoah, this i the true Rosse Crucian Philosophy of wonder ful works, that they understand not, the Ke thereof is the intellect: for by how much high er things we understand with so much th fublimer vertues are we endowed, and much greater things do work, and that mor eafily and efficatiously But our intellect bein included in the Corruptible flesh, unless it sha exceed the way of the flesh and obtain a pro

The Epistle Dedicatory.

per Nature, cannot be united to these vertues (for like to like) And is in Searching into the Rosie Crucian Secrets of God and Nature altogether in efficatious; for it is no easte thing for us to ascend to the Heavens, for how shall he that hath lost himself in Morral Dust and ashes, find God. How shall be apprehend spiritual things that is swallowed up in fless and bloud, can man see God and live, what fruit shall a grain of Corn bear if it be not first dead, for we must dye. I say dye to the world, and to the fleft, and all sences and to the whole man Animal, who would enter into these closets of fecrets, Not because the body is seperated from the soul, but because the soul; leaves the body, of which death s. Paul wrot to the Collossians : ye are dead and your life is bid with Christ: And elsewhere he speaks more clearly of himfelf, I know a Man, when ther in the body or out of the body I cannot tel, God knows, caught up unto the third heaven Oc.I fay by this death pretious in the fight of God we must dye which happens to few : and not always, for very few whom God loves, and are vertuous are made to bappy. And first those that are born, not of flesh and blood, but of God? secondly those that are dignified by the bleffed affistance of Angels and Genni 342

B 2

The Epistle Dedicatory.

the Power of Nature Influence of Planets, and the Heavens and vertues of the figures and Ideas at their birth, now this I humbly intreat you, that you be not mistaken concerning me as if I at any time having received such divine things flould boast of them to you, or should arrogate any such thing to my self; or could hope to have them granted to me, Although I have bitherto kept my felf unmarryed and free from the company of a woman, yet I have been a souldier following the Armies of the King, and in other Countries con-Secrated with mans bloud, and exposed to all the blasts of inconstant fortune. Obeing crossed in my fleft in the world and worldly afairs and therefore could not obtain the sublime Gifts of the Immortal God. But I would be accounted a director, who always waiting at the dores shews to others which may they must go, And here I present my self your most humble Jervant and honourer

May the 9th 1664 D 5 b 0' A. M.

John Heydon.

I THE F IN LOCAL PROPERTY.

An Apologue for an Epilogue

A Bout the year 1648 we Studied Aftronancy and Geomancy, and writ the Harmony of the World in two Books, the first Printed for Mr. Brome with the Temple of Wisdome at his house in Ivy-Lane, The Holy Guide, Elhavarenna, being an Introduction to the Rosse Crucian philofophy, and diverfly Compiled in thefe Books, in short words, yet sufficient for those who are wife; some of these things are written Methodically, fome without order pur posely some things are delivered by fragments, fome things are even hid and left for the fearch of the wife, who more acutely contemplating thefe things which are written, and diligently fearching (the Harmony of the World, the Temple of Wisdome, and the Holy Guide) may obtain the Compleat rudiments of the . Rose Crucian Philosophy' and also infallible experiments: and if you defire to ftudy these Books, keep filence and Constantly conceal within the fecret clofet of your Religous breast, so holy a determination; for B

An Apologne for an Epilogue.

for (as Taphthartharath faith) to publish to the knowledge of many an Art wholly filled with fo great Majesty of the Deity, is a fign of an Irreligious fpirit; and Divine Plato Commanded that holy and fecret misteries should not be made publique to the people, Pythagoras and Prophiry confectated their followers to a religious Silence, The Rosie Crucians with a certain terible authority of religion, do exact an oath of filence from those they initiate to the Arts of Aftromancy Geomancy & Telefmaticall Images, becaufe by them the dead are railed to life, by them they alter change and amend bodies. cure the deseafed prolong Life, preserve Health, renew youth in old folke, make dwarfs grow great men, make fools and Madmen wife and vertuous, destroy the power of writchs, by these Arts they make men fortunate in play, law fuits love, victory over enimies, in Horfe Races in Gameing, in Merchandize and at fea, filencing the violent waves, by these Arts they know all things and refolve all manner of questions present or to come, as faith Beata. Start Starts

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In Apologue for an Epilogue.

Y Outhat admirers are of vertue, stay Confider well what I to you shall say, But you, that sacred laws contemn, prophane Away from hence, return no more again, But thou O my Engenius whose mind is high Observe my words Oread them with thine eye, And them within thy sacred breast repone And in thy journy thinke of God alone, The Author of all things that cannot die. Of whom we now shall Treat

And Engenius The odidactus Proclaims Beata Pulchra comes, hence, hence, all ye (prophane Theodidatus cryes, & from her grove refrain.

Now in celebrating the holy mifteries of Hester Heaton, and Beata Pulchra they only were admitted to be initiated, Eugenius Theodidactus proclaiming the prophane vulgar to depart, of these goddeffes you may read at Large in our Temple of Wisdome; in Estdras we read this precept concerning the Cabalisticall secret of the Hebrews declared in these verses, thou shalt deliver those Books to the wisemen of the people, whose hearts thou knowest can comprehend them and keep those secrets, in the Temple of Wisdome you see obscure Figures of Altromancy and

An Apologue for an Epilogue.

at it

and Geomancy, whereunto is added the Alphabet of Angels or writing and Language of Haeven, affording compendious words partly by Starrs, Characters fet in manner of a wheel thick, the reading thereby being defended from the Curiofity of the prophane, therefore my worthy Schollers in this science be filent, and hide those things which are fecret in Religion, for the promise of filence is due to Religion as Tertullian affirms but they which do otherwife are in great danger, Now concerning thefe fecrets my Ingenious disciples, I would tell you, if it were lawfull to tell you, you should know all, if it were lawfull to hear it; but both eares and tongue would contract the fame guilt of rash curiofity, the divine Goddess

(of God Hefter Heaton fings in those versesthe power The Heavens Ioves Roiall Pallace, he's King Fountain vertue and God of every thing, He is omnipotent, and in his brest Earth, water, fire, and aire do take their rest; Both night and day, true wisdome with sweet (Love

Are all contein'd in this vast bulke of love His neck and glorious head if you would see Eehold the Heavens high, and Mijesty

The

An Apologne for an Epilogue

The glorious Raies of Stars do represent His golden lock, and's head adornament. And again the fings elfe where to her friend Eugenius TheodidaEtus,

Bright Phebus and the Moon, are the two eyes Of this great Jove by which all things, he (fpics

His head which predicts all, is plac'd i'th sky From which no Noyfe can whifper fecretly It pierceth all; his body vaft extends Both far and wide, and knows no bounds (nor ends)

The spations Air's his breath, his wings the wind By which he flyes far swifter then the mind His belly is our Mother Earth, who swells Into huge Mountains, whom the Ocean fills And Circles, his feet are the rocks and stones Which of this globe are the foundations. This fove under the Earth conceals all things And from the depth into the light them brings.

This goddels commands fecrefie, and *Theodorus* the Tragick Poet, when he would have reforced fomething of the mifteries of the *Jems* Scripture to the abhored actions and deeds of harlots and villains uppon the ftage was deprived of fight, and the Journimen Traitors or Tailors in their nativities, Almanacks, and monthly C predictions

An Apologue for an Epilogue.

Predictions verses and observations against their Sacred Majestyes King Charles the first and second and the Duke of Buckinham are now deprived of truth, and they cannot writeorpredict any thing against this Divine government; but lies & my disciples concurred the displeasure of Beata Pulchra and Hester Heaton, Because they interpreted the phanomana of Nature, from the Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wisdome, and the Holy Guide & published them, they dreamed next that the goddesses Hester Heatan and Beata Pulchra stood in (whores habits before the Brothell house and they wrathfully anfwered their admiration, that they were by them violently drawn from their modefty & profituted every where to all common, by which they are admonished that the cerimonies of the Gods ought not to be divulged, Pithagoras Socrates Plato Aristoxenus kept the Misteries of God and nature inviolable, but Plotinns as Porphiry relates, broke the oath whichhe made to his Mastera Ammonius, and published his Misteries, for the punishment of his transgreffion he was burnt with lightning, and confumed alive to his bones with Lice, our Saviour Christ also himfelfe while he lived on Earth, spoke after that manner and fashion, that only the more intimate Apostles should understand the

mistery

An Apologue for an Epilogus

miltery of the word of God, but the other should perceive the Parables only: Commanding moreover that holy things should not be given to dogs, nor pearly caft to swine, I would also warn you Readers of the Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wifome and the Holy Guide, that even as the Divine powers deteft publique things and profane, and love fecrecy : So every Rosie Cruican experiment fleeth the publique, feeks to be hid, is strengthened by filence but is destroyed by publication, neither doth any compleat effect follow after all these things suffer loss, when they are powred into prating; and incredulous mindes; therefore it behoveth a Phylosopher, if he would get fruit from this Art, to be fecret, and to manifest to none, neither his work nor place, nor time, neither his defire nor will unlefs either to a Master or partner or Compaion, who ought alfo to be faithfull beleiving filent, and Digified by nature and education : Seeing that even the prating of a companion, his incredulity and unworthiness hindreth and disturbeth the effect of every operation, we have now delivered this Harmony of the world, The Temple of Wisdome and the Holy Guide, in fuch a manner, that it may not be hid from the prudent and intelligent, and yet may not admit wicked and incredulous men

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An Apologue for an Epilogue

to the Misteries of the Rosie Crucian Philosophy but leave them destitute and altonished, in the shade of ignorance and desperation, you therefore fons of wildome and Learning fearch diligently in the Harmony of the world, The Temple of Wifdome and the Holy Guid, gathering together our dispersed intentions, which in divers places we have propounded and. what is hid in one place, we make manifest in another; that it may appear to you wife men; For, for you only have we written, whole mind is not corrupted but regulated according to the right order of living, unmarryed, who in Chastity and honefty, and in found faith fear and reverence of God : whole hands are free from fin and wickedness, whose manners are gentle, fober, and Modest, you only shall find out this knowledge conteined in the Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wisdome and the Holy Guide, which is preferved for you, and the fecrets which are hid by many enigmas cannot be perceived but by wife men, which when you shall obtain the whole science of the invincible Rosie Crucian discipline will infinuate it felf unto you and these vertues will appear to you, which the Rose Crucians,

who

An Apologue for an Epilogue

who wrought miracles, obtained, but yee envious Tailors or unworthy Scorpionilis, Calumniators, suns of base Ignorance, Journimen Traitors, foolifh writers of Almanacks and other leudnefs, that deceives, them that trust him, railing down right and with studied lyes disparages our perfon, that was fo kind to them as to lend them ten pound in Gold and had lent them 100 l. if we had not found Them of an ungratefull ill Nature, we foorn to speak how much our love was to the fending and giving great gifts, Thefe in requitall Provoke men to anger, and quarrell, and pick words to advantage, and if any man invite them to fight, then begargly cowardlike run to Law, and bring falfe witnesses to justifie their deceitfull devices, to get money And fo fome of these Astrologicals live, at this Leud rate being not worthy of any regard, But faith a poet.

Since by thy late lost love. I have found out, Thy frindships fam'd like the Common rout; Who prife mens worths at an unconstant rate Just as they se' them raised or pres'd by fate,

When we look uppon his naturall parents, Kindred, and relations, and. confider his С

An Apologue for an Epilogue.

his education, we indeed must give him his due title i. e. a man that by his own in-, dustry and a little instruction (of an Astrologer and our felf) hath obtained knowledge in Aftrology and Geomancy and can make an Almanack &c. but he is fo envious scandalous and malitious against others, that it clouds his better parts, The late years of tirany admitted flocking weavers Shomakes, Millers' Mafons, Carpenters, Bricklaiers Gunsmiths Porters, Butlers &c. To write and teach Aftrology and Philick, and what a noyfome spawn of brates, (as Mr. Jalbot calls them) are generated of the Frothy brains of these illegitumate scriblers, that went a whoring after the prefs, and railed against Monarthy and all men,&cannot yet love one another, we forbid these to come nigh our writings for they are your enimies and stand out a precipice, that ye may ere and fall head long into mifery; if any therefore through his incredulity or dulnefs of intellect, doth not obtain his defire let him not impute the fault of his Ignorance to us, or fay that we have erred, or written falsely and lied, but let him accuse himself, who understandeth not our writings for they are obscure, and covered with divers milteries, by the which it will eafily

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An Apologue for an Epilogne

eafily happen, that many may ere and loofe their fenfe, therefore let no man be angry with us, for we are envious against no man, but have folded up the truth of this fcience with many Enigmaes, and disperfed it in divers places, for we have not hidden it from the wife but from the wieked and undgodly and have delivered it in fuch words which neceflarily blind the foolifh, and eafily may admit the wife to the understanding of them thus being willing to teach any ingenuous man form our Vergin pallace in

Hermenpolis May. 3 1664.

JOHN HETDON.

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To the molt accoplisht Philosopher and learned Secretary of Nature, Mr. John Heydon on his Elhavarenna or Hamaguleh Hampaaneah. The Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wildome, The Holy Gride, Gcia Imperialia, The Idea of the Law, and his other Admirable works written about 17 years fince, that are now Published.

NOw the wits do fally, and attempt your guard; O' how your busie brain doth beat & ward; Rally and roinforce ! rous ! and relieve: Double referves, and then an onset give (fire Like marshall'd Thunder back-dwith filames of Storms mixt with formes !paffion with globes of Ire Tet so well disciplin'd it at Indgment still Swai'd, and not rasht Commissionated will No; words in you know order, time, and place, The instant of a Charge, or when to face When to persue advantage and where to halt When to draw of, and where to re-aftault Such Sure Commands Breams from you that 'is one with you to vauquish asto look uppon So that your ruin'd Foes groveling confels Your conquests were their fate and happines Nor was it here your businesse to war Withforreign Artists: But thy Active star Doth course a home bred mist, Astrology And thew its guilts degrees, wherein a lie How How Simple men abuse it and Geomancy I challenge all against them can (ay Sentence expell them, And let your fun An everlasting stage in honor run By that its motion to thee ye of man Wave still in a Compleat a Miridion.

March 25 th 1664. at 10 h A.M

Sir. Kepple Drue Baronet

To the Admirable Philosopher and Law-yer Mr. JOHN HEYDON

"His is no Wanton Gallant that lies Angling for babies in his Mistris's eyes, And think there's no heaven like a bale of Six horfes and a Coach with a device (dice A caft of Lacquies, and a Lady . Bird, An Oath in fashion and a guilded (word. That (moak Tobacco with a face in frame And (peak perhaps a line of sence to the same That fleeps a fabbaoth over in his bed And if his Play books there will stoop to read, Doth kiss its band, and Congey a-la-mode. And when she nights approaching bolt abroad. Ibnless his honour's worships rents not come, So he fals fick, and swears the Carrier home: Elfe if his rare devotion swell fo high To wast an hour-Glass on Divinity, Tis but to make the Church his Stage, thereby To blaze the Taylor in his Rebaldry Ak but the Parrot when his diffress shall fall, Like an Arm'd man uppon him, where are all, Those rose buds of his Youth, those antique toyes, Mberein he sported out his pretious dayes: What comfort be Collects from Hawk or Hounds Or if among ft his loofer hours be found , One of a thousand to redeem that time Porified, and loft for ever in his prime. CEP Or if he dre am'd of an eternal blifs, And swears God damn him he nere thought of this, But like the Epicure ador'd the day That shin drofe up to eat and drink and Play ; The more sprightly Element of pure fire Above that Gallant doth advance this higher. This Author's Noble great and wife His Soul aloft doth foar above the Skies. To God himself, And whats to come he knows, So to prevent impendent dangers shewes; Sure ove descended in a Leaden showre To get his Perseus; hence the fatal power, Of Taylors Almanacks; Planets thus Allied Fear to commit an Art of Parricide. Go on brave Sir, and let the world Confess, You are the greater world, and that the Lefs.

Thomas Revell Elq;

To his most Honour'd friend Mr. John Heydon upon his most Excellent Philosophy.

Here, here is philosophy; here you may read How long the world shall live, and when't shall Ob how I am rapt when I contemplate thee (bleed And wind my self above all that I see Pardon great, fir for the Aftrologicall Crew, Gain, when made Bankrupt in the scales with you. The spirit of your lines, infuse a fire; Like the worlds forst, which makes me thus a fpire, As he who in his Chracter of light Stil'd Gods Madow, made it fare more bright By an Eclipse so glorious : light is dim And a black nothing when Compar'd to him. So tis illustrions to be Heydons Fool And a Inft trophee to be made bis spoile He (pan's the Heaven and Earth, and things above And which is more joyn Natures with there love, He's proof against th' arttilory of verles Whom neither Bilbo, nor invention peirces Tous fare inchanted Sir, your double free From Astrologers and th're squibbed Poetry, For e new East beyond the Stars I fee. Where Breaks the day of thy Divinity, He makes me Earth, Now a Star and then, A Spirit : Now a star and Earth Again; He Crowns my foul with fire and their doth thine, But like the Rainbow in a cloud of mine, WVho sees this fire without his Mask, bis eye Must need be swallowed by the Light and dye ; August 4th at Charles Potter Elq3 tun (st 1663.

To the most accomplisht Philosopher and learned Secretary of Nature, Mr. John Heydon on his Elhavareuna or Hamaguleh Hampaaneah. The Harmony of the VV orld, The Temple of VV is dome, The Holy Guide. The Idea of the Law,

MOR Learned Sir, it rather were my part, At diffance to admire not here infert These rastick lines, which merit cannot raise What Mortal's able to fet out thy praife ? The Deity's in explicable, fo ere you All that you write we must confess is true, Unless ve have C'oymara's in our brain And what we do not know is falle maintain, We may deny Rome is, Perfia doth fland Say Euphrates no River, Affrica no Land, Though curious you, have from those places come Whilf we our Ignorance do hug at home The world and all therein you know fo well The great Caballs of Heaven and knacks of Hell That we may safely affirm if that you please You can another world make with much eafe, All that Dame Nature has, you know and more. For the to make you rich is now grown poor All that I fear ; the fates will call you bence Nature depose, and place yon on her bench Your knowledge is so great it may controul, More worlds then one, And allyour wit can rule.

March 26 die Ho h 40 P M 1664. Thomas Tillien 2 Philefopher by tre to the Duke of BuckinghamTo his Loving Ingenious friend Mr. John Heydon upon his Harmony of the World, Temple of Wisdome, and Holy Guide &c.

Mr Careless Phrase and mords that lye Degletted This vertue have, that they'l not be suspected Ochers may over praile your Book (for vve The best things often over-rated (ee) Somhat I write will aqui distant lye, From polisht wit, and servile Flattery, Beesfrom abruised Ox, Says Maro, breed, But you draw honey from a * Tatter'd weed Who borrow'd of you Gold, yet doth complain Much of poverty, whose empty Brain, an envious Aleofures the flow-part Planets by the glajs Alman-And when th' Nativity's done its poor alas ackMa-Hers his But now therentricles of your pregnant brain deceir-Sive birth to a brave man i fues without pain ful eni-Secing your wit's fo pure, your tbrase sociean my J Taur Tence so weighty that each lines a chain in Ö. Of Gold'swixt Jupiter Hilmael and the Gods, Mercury and Mars that are now at odds Tour Book (like a young true born Eagle may Behald the fun in publick at noon day.

Coiten May 13 Shu 30. A. M. Di: 2

Frederick Talbot Efg.

To his honour'd Friend Mr. John

Heydon on his most excellent principles of Philosophy, in The Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wisdom, The Holy Guid, Hamegaleh Hampaaneah, Elhavareuna, Ocia Imperialia and the Idea of the Lave; all written near 17 years fince, and by Gods Providence now printed.

WOuld you those Pillars see (those Reliques) have [Ruins of time and knowledge] seth did save

From the impelnous Sea, when waves were all, And all were waves within these Pages small; You'l find them in their antient Luftre shine, Not counterfeit, but rich and masculine.

Or what Egyptian Sages sometime set, In their Papyrus books (Rowls vastly great) VV hilft Arts and Letters were no common things But Preists and Poets Princes were and Kings, E're Learning a Ludibrium became To the audacions Ront [ob hapeless shame!] E're Sacred Page vulgar Thumbs could soil Thence feeding black Seditions lamp with oile.

Books (Monuments of banish'd winds) do live, And (if from pure Minerva's born) survive V ben titles, trjumphs, Arches Name, become Silent ith' ruins of a ruin'd tombe. V ben Scipio's, Pompey's, Casar's Lawrels may By long success of wasting years decay, Good Books (eternal products of the brain Not onely live but may grow fresh again March 26 1664 & b 30 A M, Of Clare Hall in Combridge.

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|---|---|
| A | Catalogue of those things contained in |
| | these Bookes |
| | First Book. |
| 1 | The white Elixir of Quicksilver |
| 2 | The white Ferment |
| 3 | The red Elixir of Mercury alone |
| 4 | The red Ferment |
| 5 | The Accurtation of the red Elixir |
| 6 | The Phisicall and Alchimicall Tinsture of |
| | the red Lion and the glue of the Eagle. |
| | Second Book. |
| r | The Elixir of Copper |
| 2 | Of Augmentation and projection |
| 3 | Of the Bleffed stone or Elixir of Life |
| and of its vertues and also of Malleable glass Third Book. | |
| 1 | The Elixir of Saturne white and red |
| I | and also of jupiter |
| 2 | The Abreviation of the work of Saturn |
| | The Elixir of Mars |
| 34 | A short work of the Phisicall and Alchi- |
| т | micall Tinsture |
| 5 | The Maguftry of Pearles |
| 6 | |
| 7 | Of Minerall Electrum |
| 8 | The Explanation of the Philosophers |
| 23 | ords when they speak of the tenth number |
| 27 | cherein the stone is perfected and also the |
| wonderfull secrets of the animiall stone with | |
| tmoother of his works | |

John Heydon

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IF

The Son of FRANCIS and MART HETDON Now of sidmonth in Devonsbire.



Ohn Heydon is not bafely but Nobly defcended, The Antiquaries derive them from Julius Heydon the King of Hungary and Westphalia, that were defcended from

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that noble family of Cesar Heydon in Rome, and fince in this Royal Race the line run down to the Honorable Sr. Christopher Heydon of Heydon near Northwich Sr. John Heydon late Lord Lieutenant of the Kings Tower of London, and the noble 'Chandlers in Worsester thirs of the Mothers fide white The Life of

which line spread by Marriage into Devonshire, among the Collin's, Ducks, Drues and Bears, he had one Sister named Anne Heydon, who dyed two years since, his Father and Mother being yet living: He was boru at his Fathers House in Green-Arbour London, and Baptized at St. Sepulchres and so was his Sister, and both in the fifth and seventh years of the Reign of King Charles the First, he was educated in Warwick shire among his mothers friends, and so careful were they to keep him and his sister from danger and to their Books, that they had one continually to wait upon them, both to the School and at home.

He was Commended by Mr. John Dennis his Tutor in Tardehick to Mr. George Linacre Prieft of Coughton, where he learned the Latine and Greek tongues, the War at this time began to moleft the Universities of this Nation, He was then Articled to Mr. Mic. Perley an Atturney of Cliffords Inne with eighty pound, that at five years end he should be sworn before Chief Justice Rell, now being very young he applyed hisminde to Learning, and by his happy wit obtained great knowledge in all Arts and Sciences, afterwards allohe followed the Armies of the King, and for his valour Comman-

John Heydon.

Commanded in the Troops, when he was bytheie means famous for Learning and Arms, he Travelled into spain, Italy, Arabia, Agypt and Persia, and gave his minde to writing, and Composed about 20 years file The Harmony of the World in two Books, The Temple of Wisdome in three Book, The Temple of Wisdome in three Book, The Holy Guide in fix Books, Elhavareuna in one Book, Hampaneab Hammeguleh in one Book, Ocia Imperialia in one Book, The Idea of the Law, The Idea of Government, The Idea of Tyranny in three parts, The Fundamental Elements of Morral Phylosophy, Policy, Government and War, Geo.

These Books were written near 20 years fince, and preferved by the good hand of God in the Custody of Mr. Thomas Heydon, Sr. John Hanmer, Sr. Kalph Freman, and Sr. Richard Tem; le during the Tyrants time, first one had the Books, then another, &cc. And at last at the Command of these Honourable Learned, and valiant Knights they were Printed.

He wrote many excellent things, and performed many rare experiments in the Arts of Aftromancy and Geomancy &c. but especially eighty one, the first upon the Kings Death, Predicted in Archia by him to his Friends, The fecond upon the losses of

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The Life of

the King at Warcester Predicted at Thauris in Persia, the third Predicted the Death of (liver Cromwell in Lambeth house to many Perfons of Honour mentioned in hisBooks, the fourth he wrote of the overthrow of Lambert, and of the Duke of Albymarle his bringing again of the King to his happy Countries, and gave it to Major Christopher Berkenhead a Goldsmith at the Anchor by Fetter lane end in Holborn, the fitth precaution or Prediction he gave t his Highness the Duke of Buckingham two Moneths before the evil was practifed: And his Enemy Abraham Goodman lies now in the Tower for attem ting the death of that Noble Prince. The fixth for Count Gramont when he was banished into England by the King of France, and he predicted by the Art of Aftromuncy and Geomancy the Kings receiving of him again into favor and of his marriage to the Lady Hamelton. The Seventh for Duke Minulans a Peer of Germany that the Emperour fent to him, when the Turk had an Army againsthim, and of the death of the Pope the reft are in his Books, And therefore by thefe Monuments the name of Heydon for his variety of Learning was famous not onely in England, but alfo in many other Nations into which his Books

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John Heydon.

are Translated. And it feems fomething difficult to determine, whether the fophiflication of trath, or the fucus of errors hath of late years been the more Epidemical cheat in Print, it being fufficiently netorious how this generation of Taylors Almanacks, the under-wissgoa whoring after the Prefs, and what a noyfome fpawn of Brats are generated of the froth of illegitemate Brains, not lefs numerous then fpurious, that neither their male content Farentsnor Religion, Law, Reafon, nor Charity are able to maintain. And although Mr. Johns Heydon's works be of a more generous extraction, yet they are viey far from Complementing themselves with the least vain hopes of exemption from those centures which are common to all men, It is worth an Afterisk to obferve how, infeazable it hath been in all ages for the molt innecent to escape this Correctio , Divine Plato that Prince of Phylosophers is accused for being too confused and immethodical, Virgil by fome is counted but a shallow and weak witted Poet, and by others charged as if he were wholy be holding to Homer for his works, and Homer himfelf is derided by Horace, as if he were too drowfie a Poet, Demosthenes could not please Marcus A ST. line

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Tullius in all things, Trogas Pompeius doth accufe Titus Livius his Orations of fictions and falfities, Seneca was Nic-named and called Lime without Sand; Fliny is compared to a turbulent River that tafte of many things but digefts few, Hermes is called by fome the dark King, fome affirme Zoroajter had no depth of Judgement.

An Aftrologicall Taylor accufes Cornelius Agrippa Kt. J hn Heydon, Appolonius, and Tritemius of inventing new and ftrange principles in Phylosophy D. Brown is reproved for inconftancy and initability of Judgement: And Mr. Moor and Eugenius Philalethes for their too much subtility in fome things, Mr. Hobs is thought too full of Reason in his Religion, and the Lord Verulam is taxed for the length of Learning, Faracelsus is envyed for hard words, Sir Kenelm Digby is centured by Iho. Vaughan Dr. Barlouv for his tedious distinctions, Des Cartes for the perplexity of his Method, and in a word thefe very learned and most excellent Philosophers Philitions and Divines that by the profoundness of their Judgement and splendor of their Eloquence have fo illustrated the three Kingdomes as that they have left the world Just cause of their Admiration, no hopes of Imitations even thole

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these have not escaped the like Milreprehenfions for in the late years; invectives have been written against these men, yet who more learned then Sir Kenelme Digby, more eloquent then Dr Barlow, who more witty then Mr. More and Eugenius Philalethes, who more acute then Mir. Hobs who more free and flued then Lord Verulam, who more delightful and fatisfactory then Gregory and Gaffercll, who more profound in Philosophy then Henry Agrippa Knight, who more Candid and ingenious then Roger L'Estrange, who more clear and transparent then Paracelfus, who more diftinct then Vincent Wing, and fuccinct then Dr. Wallis yet all these in their respective and incomperable works have met with the faid undue reprehensions. If his works therefore shall chance to meet with fome-waspish humours, let him confider the Climate, Nor is it more then wants a prefident, or lefs then needs a Charitable Construction; which is the worft revenge can poffibly be executed by fuch as chuse rather to fuffer then offend Mr. JOHN HEYDON, For the Taylors amongst the Almanack Makers carp at all the reft and envie all, amongit Philosophers, Democretus laugheth at all things Heraclitus weepeth at all things Pyr-

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him is ignorant of all things, and Plato knoweth all things, Diogenes contemnes all things, This John Heydon, fears none, contemneth none, is ignorant of none, rejoyceth in none, grieves at none, laughes at none is angry with none, but being himfelf a Philofopher he hath taught the way to happinefs the way to long life, the way to health, the way to wane young being old, and the way to refolve all manner of Queftions, Prefenr and to Come; by the Rules of Aftromancy and Geomancy, and how to raife the dead.

He is a man of Midle stature tending to tallnefs, a handsome streight body an Ovall ruddy face mixed with a clear white, his hair of a dark flaxen brown colour foft and curling in rings gently at the ends of the Locks, his hands & fingers long and flender, his leggs and feet well proportioned, fo that to look upon he is a very compleat Gentleman; But he never yet cast affection on a woman, nor do I find him inclined to marry, He is very often in great Ladies' cham-bers, and I believe his modest behaviout ther, makes them the more delighted in his company, The Princes and Peers not only of England, but of spain, Italy, France and Germany, send dayly to him, And upon'every occusion he flieweth ftrong parts, and

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a vigorous brain, his wifnes and aimes, and what he pointeth at, speak him owner of a poble and generous heart, this Gentlemans Excellent Books are admired by the world of Lettered men, as the prodigie of these later times (indeed his works before mentioned (if I am able to Judge any thing) are full of the profoundelt learning 1 ever met withall : And I believe; who hath well read and digested them, will perswade himfelf, there is no truth fo abstruce, nor hitherto conceived out of our reach, But mans wit may raife Engines to scale and conquer, I affure my felf he is owner of a folid head, and of a strong generous heart, And if any should question my Judgement, they may read the Comendations of both the Univerfities, Oxford and Cambridge, befides the learned Thomas White and Thomas Revell, Elq; both famous in Rome and other parts beyond Sea, that have highly honoured this Gentleman in their Books; yet he bath fuffered many Misfortunes, his Father was fequestered, Imprisoned, and lost two thoufand pounds by Cromwell, this Oliver imprifoned this fon alfo two year & half or thereabout in Lambeth-House : For he and his Fathers Family were always for the King, And endeavoured to the utmost his reftoration,

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storation, And indeed the Tyrant was cruel to him, but John Thurloe his Secretary was kind to him, and pittied his curious youth, And Joshua Leadbeater the Messenger kept him (At his request and Mr. John Bradley's) at his own house, And gave him often leave to go abroad, but being yet zealous and active for the King, he was again taken and clapt up in Lambeth-Houfe, in these misfortunes it cost him 1000 l. and upwards, after this fome envious villains forged Actions of debt against him, and put him in prison, It seems at the begin-ing of these misfortunes, a certain Harlot would have him to marry her, but denying her fuit or that he ever promifed any fuch thing; and that he never fpake to her in his life good or evil, She devifed with her confederates abundance of mischief against him : 'fee him she did in some Gentlemens company. Many courted him to Marry but he denyed, now there was left (amongit a few old Almanacks, and feraps of other mens wit) Collected and bequeathed unto the world by Nic. Culpe (as his own admired experience) Alice Culpeper his widdow, she hearing of this Gentleman that he was an Heir, to a great fortune Courts him by letters of Love, to no pur-

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pofe, the next Saint in order was fhe that calls her felt the German Princefs. But he flies high and fcorns fuch fowl, great beafts the first of these two bleffed birds in her life time caused one Heath to Arrest him, & another after him laid Actions against him, that he never knew nor heard of.

In this perplexity was he imprisoned two years, for they did defire nothing but to get money, or deftroy him, for fear if ever he got his liberty he might then punish them, He being of a Noble Nature forgave them all their malice and devices against him, and fcorns to revenge himfelf upon fuch pittiful things, God indeed hath done him the justice, for this Heath Confumes to worse then nothing, and indeed if I can Judge or predict any thing) his Baudyhoules will be Pawned and he will dye a miserable diseased beggar. His Mistris when he was very young and a Clerke defired him to lye withher, but he like Joseph refufing, fhe hated him all her life, God preferved him from their malice, although one of these 3 lewd women swore this Gentleman practifed the Art Magick, fhe told Oliver Cromwell, she faw familiar Spirits come and go to him in the shape of Conies, and her maid fwore she had often seen them in his Chamber

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Chamber when he was abroad, and fometimes walking upon the houfe top in a Moon fhine night, and fometimes to vanifh away into a wall or Aire, and yet fhe never faw him in her life, nor could fhe tell what manner of man he was. But thefe ftorics were not Credited, and for all thefe and many more afflictions and falfe acculations, Inever faw him angry, nor did he ever Arreft or imprifon any man or woman in all his life yet no clyent of his was ever damnifyed in his fuit.

He was fally accused but lately of writing a Seditious Book and imprisoned in a Meffengers Custody. But his Noble friend the Duke of Buckingham, finding him innocent and alwaies for the King he was then difcharged, and indeed this glorious Duke is a very good and just Judge : and although fome speak flightly of him, he ftudies the way to preferve his King and Countrey in peace plenty and prosperity, it is pitty the King hath no more fuch brave men as he, a thousand such wise Dukes as this (like Marshal'd Thunder, back'd with flames of fire) would make all the enemies of the King and Christendome Quake; and the Turke flie before fuch great Generals, in all submiffion we hum-

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bly pray for this Great Prince, and leave him to his pleafure & return to our fubject.

John Heydon is not of that vain and prefumptuous Nature as the Taylors that despise all Artists even Agrippa, Appolonius, More, Vaughan and Tritemius. And yet they cannot read thefe and many other Learned Authors they fo impudently abuse, Rob of their Learning, and convert other mens parts to their own profit, He lent one Ten pound in Gold, he in requital or return speaks ill of him, and pretends to know many admirable Rules of Geomancy and impertinently addes them to Nativities, and applyes them to all manner of Questions in Astromancy, but his Books being written fo long fince, viz. near twenty years by himfelf, their greediness of great maters is discovered, and we now know them to be neither Scholers nor Gentlemen, these hang up clouts with here are. Nativities Calculated, Questions resolved, and all the parts of Aftrology taught by us----For three pence, four pence, fix pence, or higher if you pleafe, thus are young Apprentices, old women and wenches abused and that they may be found, for money, they tell us the 12 Houfes of heaven in the fign of a Coat of Arms are

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to be let, when they might indeed fet bills upon their brazen foreheads, engraven thus, Here are Rooms to be let unfurnished, but our Author regards not these men, all their scandals forgeries & villanous devices they contrive against him, he flights and fcorns & hath purpofely forfaken spittle-Fields & his lodgings there to live a private Life, free from the concourse of multitudes of people that daily followed after him, but if any defire to be advised let them by way of letter leave their business at his Book-sellers, and they shall have answer & Counsel without reward, for he is neither envious nor enemie to any man, what I write is upon my own knowledge.

He writes now from Hermeupolis a place I was never at, It feems by the word to be the City of Mercury, and truly he hath been in manyftrangplaces, among the Rofie Crucians And at their Caftles, Holy-houtes Temples, Sepulchres, Sacrifices, all the world knows this Gentleman fludys' honourable & boneft things, and faithfully comunicates them to others, yet if any traduce him hereafter they muft not expect his Vindication, he hath refered his quarel to the God of Nature, it is involved in the concernments of his Truths and he is fatisfied with the peace of a good

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conscience, he hath been misinterpreted in his writing, with studied Calumnies they disparage his perfor whom they never faw nor perhaps will fee, he is refolved for the future to fuffer, for hel fays, God condemns no man, for his patience, the world indeed may think the truth overthrown, because the is attended with his peace for in the Judgement of molt men, where there is no noife, there is no victory, this he looks upon as no diffadvantage the estimate of fuch cenfures will but lighten the scales, and I dare suppose thein very weak brains, who conceives the truth finks because it outweighs them; as for tempestious out-crys when they want their Motives they discover an irreligious spirit, one that hath more of the Hurry-cano then of Clirift Jefus God was not in the wind that rent the rocks in peices, nor in the Earth-quake and fire at Horeb. He was in Aura'tenui, in the ftil fmal voice, his enemies are forc'd to praise his vertue and his friends are forry he hath not 10000 pounds a year, he doth not refent the common fpleen, who writes the truth of God hath the fame Patron with the truth it felf, and when the world fhall fubmit to the general Tribunal, he will find his Advocate where they shall find their Judge, there is mutual

The Life of John Heydon. Mutual Testimony between God and his Servants, or nature and her Secretary, If the Baptist did bear witness of Christ, Christ did alfo as much for the Baptift; He was a burning and a fhining light, when I writ this Gentlemans life God can bear me witness it was unknown to him and for no private ends, but I was forc'd to it by a ftrong Admiration of the Miftery and Majelty of Nature written by this Servant of God and Secretary of Nature, I began his Life fome years fince, and do set it down as I do finde it, if any man oppose this, I shall answer, if you are for peace, peace be with you, if you are for War, I have been fo too, (Mr. Heydon doth refolve never to draw Sword again in England, except the King command him.) Now let not him that puts on the Armour boaft like him that puts it. off: Gaudet patientia duris is his Motto, and thus I prefent my felf a friend to All Artifts, and enemy to no mar.

Frederick Talbos Elq,

Marcha 1662

Book I.



The Rosse Crucian



Set with Angels, Planets and Mettals &c.

The First Book.

CHAP. I.

Of the Gold Mercury or Argent viver
Purification. 3 Sublimation. 4 Calcination. 5 Exuberation. 6 Solution.
7 Separation. 8 Conjunction. 9 Putrefaction into Sulphur. 10 Fermentation.
11 Multiplication in vertue. 12 Multiplication in quantity.



E that can make the Stone of Argent vive or § alone, is the greatest fearcher out of Art and Nature : because there is all that in § which wise men do seek, for, Quick-filver is the mother

and sperm of all Metals and their nearest matter : and it is not onely a spirit but a body, it is also

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a middle Nature and also a fulphur, it is a ling ring 2, it dieth and rifeth again and is fixed with its own proper Elements: wherefore it is first neceffary that it be purged from its impurities.

Book I.

The purgation or purification is on this wife; grind it upon a Marble with a muller or a wodden Peftill in a wodden Morter with common falt and a little vinegar foringled thereupon till the falt be black, then walk it well with vineger and dry it eafily at the fire, or at the Sun, then firain it through a double cloath or a new skin of a fheep till it be dry and the vineger clear taken away and be of a white colour and clear.

Grind it upon a Marble with a little 7 fublimate and let it mortifie and in corporate with it: then grind it with its equall weight of falt-Peter and green Coperas till it be like a pafte; Then put all into a fubliming glals and in Afnes fublime all the 7 that it be white and clear as fnow in the head of the 1 imbeck fublime it again three times or oftener and it will be pure 9 and fublimate.

Put one pound of this I fublimate into two pound of common <u>Aquaforti</u>s by little and little at once as by two at a time till all be diffolved like fugar in wine then thut the glass and fet it in Balneo to diffolve the fpace of 10 days then diffil away the Aquafortis in a lentheat in Balneo and the I will remain in the bottome like butter of a white colour. And calcined by corrofive water.

Put this calcined g into an Earthen body with

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with a Limbeck and in after fublime the whole diffolved fubftance three times which will then be very white and then it is called Mercury Exsubscrate.

V Vhen you have three or four pound of this, receive the third part and fix it by often fublimation till it remain in a hard mafs and afcend no more but remain fixed.

V Vhich is called the Glue of the Eagle or the prepared body permanent and the volatile made fixed which is to be referved for the earth of the ftone.

Diffolve the other two parts in Balneo or in a cold Cellar or put it in a blader and hang it over, fuming hot water till it be allcome to water.

Take this water thus made, and digeft it in a Circulatory well closed the space of nine days Zac then put it in a body with a head and receiver well luted and in ashes or Balneo distill the wa- Yufini, ter of a white coulour or milkie and is called Hydro LacVirginis, dissolving all mettalls and so you chlorie have seperated the spirit of the stone which is also called the lingting spirit and the white actid Tincture of the white stone of Mercury.

Take the third part which before you referved and fixed called the glue of the Eagle, as much of it as you pleafe and add thereto equal weight of its spirit or Lac Virginis and close up the glass and so you have joined the Man and the woman, \forall with his own Earth; the spirit with the body. See the Holy Guid.

Set your Lac Virginis thus joyned with his own, Each in Balneo to putrifie 150 days and D 2 there

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there let it fland unmoved; after forty days it will be black, and it is then called the head of the Crow: then it will be of a green colour after that the Peacocks tail, and many falle colours for between this and white it will appear red but at laft you shall fee it white and then encrease your fire and it will stick to the sides of the glasse like fishes eyes Then have you each in the nature of Sulpher, Read the Holy Guid.

Take of this Sulphur as much as you pleafe and weich it and add thereto two parts of the white Tinthure or Lie Virginis and fet it in Balneo to diffolve the space of fix days then diffill away the Lae Virginis or Tinthure and the Sulphur will remain in the form of Liquor for it is the liquor of the white sulphur of E which is to be joined with the liquor of the sulphur of Luna or fiver.

The Sulphur of the white Luminary or filver or Luna is made as the other whereof we shall speak more in the next Branch. This Liquor of the sulphur is the soul which is joined with the spirit and body which quickeneth the whole stone. The other conjunction before was onely the union of the spirit and the body: but this is a threefold copulation viz. The uniting of the foul, spirit, and body.

Adde equal weight of these two Liquors of support of the second s

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and at last white; And then is it the perfect flone converting all Mettalls into filver.

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This fione or Elixir is thus multiplied in vertue diffolve it in your Lac Virginis and diffill it away and dry it and diffolve it again &c. And let it be fo often diffolved and dryed till it will drie no more but remain in an incombuffible oyl. And is then Elixer of the third Order.

Take one part of this Elixir and project it upon 100 or 1000 parts of melted filver (according to the goodness and vertue thereof) and it will turn the filver into a brittle Mass or substance, which beat to powder in an Iron or braffe Morter or upon a Marble, and project one part of this powder upon 100 parts of 9 purged made hot, and it will be perfect medicine whereof one part turneth 100 or 1000 parts of other bodies into good filver. And this way is your Medicine multiplyed in quantity. The Rosic Crucian Crown.

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Book I.

A Corollary.

It remaineth now that we speak of the Medicine or the Elixir of 1 ife, which is called potable filver. But although the Liquor of filver may be made potable filver if it be corroberated before by digeftion in Balneo 7 days with the spirit of wine and then diffill away the faid spirit of wine that the oyl of the filver may remain in the bottome which may eafily be given for medicine. Yet the Philosophers would have us do otherwise for they teach us to bring the mettalls first into their quinteffence before they be taken inwardly, and that their is no other quinteffences but those that are of a fecond nature according to the old faying,

Elixir de te est res secunda De quo sunt facta corpora munda.

That is to fay the <u>4</u> Elements are deftroyed and by putrifaction <u>a new body</u> created and made into aftone, which is the quinteffence as *Ripley* would have it; But I do boldly and conftantly affirm that there is no true filver or potable filver nor Qinteffence unlefs it be first Elixir and that is done in a quarter of an hour by projection of the Elixir upon filver or pure gold molten according as the Elixir was red or white. If therefore yon defire after

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the first composition of the Elixir to make the Arcanam of Argentum or Aurum potabile project the Elixir or Medicine according to his quality or property upon pure filver or gold molten, and then it is made brittle and frangible and grind it to powder and take thereof Io much as you please and diffolve it in distilled vinegar (or rather in fpirit of wine) the fpace of nine days, then diffill away the vineger or spirit of wine, that which remaineth in the bottome is the true Medicine, Quintessence, Elixir of life, Ferment of ferments and incombuftible oyl converting mettalls and Mans body into perfect health from all difeates of mans body which proceed from Mercury and Luna, And thus is the true potable filver made cureing the Vertigo, Sincope, Spilepfy, Madnefs, Phrency Leprose. Gr. And this is the right way of making the ftone of Mercury alone : but the Elixir cannot be made without the Addition of filver to the white, and of gold to the red.

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Book I.

CHAP. II.

Luna. 2 pure Silver. 3 Calcination.
4 Solution. 5 Putrefaction. 6 The Sulphur.
7 The Liquor of the Sulphur. 8 White Ferment.

ERMES faith, The Elixir is nothing elfe but Mercury Sol and Luna, by Mercury nothing is understood but the fulphur of nature which is called the true v_i of the Phylosophers, and that fulphur gotten by putrifaction by the conjunction of the spirit and of the body of imperfect bodyes or mettals.

By Sol is meant gold, by Luna filver, both of them are to be joyned to imperied bodies, that is to fay, white fulphurs and red, whence the fame Hermes in his 7 treatife of Sol faith there happeneth a conjunction of two bodies and it is neceffary in our Maistry; And if one of these bodies onely were not in our stone it would never by any means give any Tinsture, Upon which Movienus faith. For the Ferment prepareth the imperfect body and converteth it to its own nature and there is no Ferment but Sol and Luna, that is, gold and filver. Of which Refines Sol and Luna prepared (that is to fay their fulphurs) are the ferments of mettles in colour. See the Holy Guid.

But

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But this is made more evident by Raymund in his Apertory where he faith there is no ferment except Sol and Luna, for the Ferment of the ftone to white is filver and to the red gold, as the Phylosophers do demonstrate because without ferment there doth proceed neither gold nor filver nor any thing elfe that is of its kind or nature, therefore join the Ferment with its fulphur that it may beget its like, because the Ferment draweth the fulphur to its own colour and nature alfo, and weight and found becaute every like begetteth its like. Becaufe the Ferment even as S l tingeth and changeth his fuiphur into a permanent and piercing Medicine, Therefore the Philosopher faith he that knoweth how to tinge fulphur and Mercury with Soland Luna, fhall attain to the greatest fecret. And for this realon it is necessary that Sol and Luna be the Tincture and Ferment thereof. You may read in the Holy Gnide.

And to also Arnoldus in his Refary, There is no body more noble or pure then Sol, or his fhaddow that is to fay filver without which no tingeing Mercury is generated. He that endeavoureth to give colour without this gold or filver goeth blindly to work like an Affe to a Harp, for gold giveth a golden and filver an argentive colour therefore he that knoweth how to tinge \forall with Sol and I una cometh or teachen to the fecret which is called white fulphur, the beft to filver which when it is made red, will be red fulphur to gold the beft. Take

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Take pure Luna, that is to fay filver that is best which is beaten into leaves and bring it into calx with S And it is then called water filver then is the Luna well prepared for Calcination. See the Holy Guide.

When you have your filver thus prepared. take 4 or 6 ounces thereof, and put it in double proportions of Lac Virginis mixed with equall quantity of correlive water to diffolve in an egge glaffe. After it hath diffolved to much as it can in the cold, fet in Balneo and there let it ftand o dayes till the whole substance of the filver be diffolved into a green water, then let the Balneo cool and take it out, and put the diffolution into the body and fet thereon a head and diffill of the water from the matter remaining which is the oyl of the filver Calcined net into a calk but a Liquor, because this Lac Virginis if it be mixed or joned with common Aqua fortis or alone without it (as it pleafeth the Operator) is fo firong that the very Diaplamoud mond cannot refift it but is diffolved : Therefore this water is called the water of Hell and is the onely miracle of miracles of the World, because it containeth such a fiery nature in it felfand propriety of burning of all bodies into Liquor whereas the Elementall fire prevaileth no further then to reduce mettalls into calx or 'ashes. But to return from whence we digressed I now come to the third operation.

To the end therefore that this liquor or oyl of filver may be more perfectly diffolved and that all the imperfection of adultion may be murratic auid7= lac Verginis? taken

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taken away, which by the Antients is called the corroberating of the left humidity. Put this Oyl or liquor into another egge glaffe like the former powerthereupon fo much fpirit of wine, above it 4 fingers then clofe well the glaffe and fet it in balneo to digeft 7 or 10 dayes and you fhall find the oyl or liquor turned into a thin or rare water oyl: put this water into a fiill and in balneo draw away the fpirit of wine rill none of the fpirit of wine remain with the fitver diffolved. And thus have you your filver prepared for putrifaction.

This Liquor of filver is potable but not the Quintessence put this water into a fit putrifying glasse and seal it up and set it to putrifie in balneo till the time of putrifaction be pass which is about 150 days, and when you see the first sign of putrifaction which is called the head of the Crow encrease your fire a little till all colours begin to appear and you see it begin to be white,

When you fee it white encrease your fire yet more and it will rife up and flick to the tides of the glaffe most transparent like the eyes of fishes which is Sulphur of Nature or fait, or the putrified body of the white 1 uminary, viz. Luna, which yet is not fo hard as a body nor fo fost as a spirit but of a mean hardness between a spirit, and a body, and is called the Phylosophers Mercary and the Kay and mean of joining Tinctures.

But to come to the liquor of the white Luminary, this body being brought into Quinteffence

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effence is prepared for diffolution like the fulphur of the imperfect body, but whereas that is done by the vertue of the white tinclure or *Lac Virginis* I rather do it by vertue of the fire naturall which is the fpirit of wine and after the drawing away thereof it remaineth in a Liquor.

Now this liquor of Luna diffolved is the Quinteffence which then is the liquor of the white Luminary and the fole as Exinadius faith quickening the whole ftone without which it is dead and will neither give form nor colour.

Therefore the fourth part of this liquor of the white Luminary is to be joined to three parts of the former liquor of the fulphur of g and after to be kept in a lent fire of Afhes well closed till it paffe through all colours and at last come to its former colour of whiteness and fo the store is fermented and turned into the white Elixir.

The Refidue of the forefaid diffolved fulphur keep diligently and therewith ferment the white fulpher of other imperfect bodies or ftones into Elixirs, which when they are thrice diffolved and again congcaled and remain in a liquid fubftance then they are called incombuffible oyles and Elixirs of the third order.

And thus the stone is made of galone.

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A Corrollary.

Having spoken of the white stone it now resteth that we speak of the making of the red Elixir, whereof there is two processes the first whereof is from the Radix *i.e.* the long way: the other an accurtation that is much shorter and more excellent, And this way the Elixir may be made in 80 days and excells all other accurtations neither is there found therein any diminution of the vertue but is a plentifull and perfect fulness of power and vertue having all the properties which the Elixir ought to have. The process whereof these three following Chapters will plainly show.

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CHAP. III.

 Vivum. 2 Sublimation. 3 Calcination. A Precipitation . 5 Solution. 6 Fixed oyl. 7 Inceration. 8 Deficcation.9 Contrition. 10 Fermentation. 11 The Red Elixir. 12 The third 'Table'

T is not necessary to speak in this place of the urgation of Ψ because we spoke thereof the before.

The fublimation is to be done otherwife then in the former worke for that which is called fublimation here is not done with vitrioll and falt peter but is only the diftillation of the \forall in an earthen body with a limbeck and that by it felf without any addilament.

When the \forall is once fublimed in after wholly into the head of the limbeck having a retainer joined thereto take off the head and with a feather gather the fublimed matter and you shall find your \forall of a black colour having loss his fairness and like a dust or powder sticking to his body.

Put it again into the body and fublime it as before and reiterate this work 7 or 9 times untill you have a fufficient quantity of this powder that is to fay a pound or more. And this is the Calcination.

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When you fee your & will aftend no more but remain in the bottome of a black colour and that is dead and brought perfectly into calx let it cool and remove your body into fand till it be turned into a red colour; And this is the perfect precipitation profe without the help of any corrofive water, take a little of this powder upon a hot iron plate if it fume, dry it longer, if not it is well.

Take of this red powder as much as you will diffolve and put thereupon at leaft his double weight of *Lac Virginis* and fet in Balneo till you fee your *Lac Virginis* flained a yellow or red colour then filter it from its feces and keep it by it felf in a glafs well flopped and dry the matter that remaineth in Afhes and pour thereon new *Lac Virginis* and do as before till you have drawn out all the tincture. And fo your v is diffelved.

Parthele folutions into a body luting to a head and in balneo diftill away the Lac Virginia and the red oyl precipitate will remain which is fixed and needeth no diffillation but is the tinging oyl of red Mercury and the red tincture of the red ftone of \forall and the foul and fpirit of the fame ftone joyned,

Therefore take part of the white Sulphur res ferved in the first Table and rubify it in ashes till it be red then imbile it with equal weight of the oyl of the tineture of this red φ and fet it to diffolve in Balneo, and when you fee it is diffolved into a liquid substance take it out.

Then set it in ashes or under the fire to fix till

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till the matter being dried remain fixed and fufible flanding in a mean heat not over hot which try upon a hot Iron plate and if it fume not it is well, if it do, encrease your fire till it be totally fixed and dry.

If this matter be imbibed again with its oyl till it drink up as much as it will and again diffolved in Balneo and then dried in Afhes, it will fhew many colours and laftly appeared. And then it is the ftone penetrating and fufible, apt for forme.

Join this imbiled matter (or ftone) with the 4tb part of the liquor or oyl of the red fulphur of Gold or the red Ferment, and diffolve it in Balneo, and drie it again, and again diffolve it in a glaffe hanged in the fume of hot water or Balneum and congeal it again till it ftand like honey; Then it is the perfect red Elixit of Mercury.

The Multiplication or Augmentation of the vertue and quantity is flowed in the former Chapter.

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CHAP. IV.

i Gold Sol. 2 Furged Gold. 3 Calcination. 4 Solution. 5 Putrifaction. 6 Filius, folis Calestis. 7 Filia Luna Calestis.

He putrifaction or purgation of gold is done as the Goldfmiths use to do by melting it with Antimony that the gold may remain in the bottome pure and clear from other mettalls which they call Regulas.

Take 4 or 5 ounces of this refined gold, leaf or fileings and diffolve it in *Las Virginis*, mixed with equal weight of <u>Aqua fortis</u> wherein falt <u>Armoniack</u> fublimed is diffolved, and when it is dilfolved into a red Liquor or deep yellow then it is well calcined.

The folution and putrifaction is done as before you did with filver in the preparation of the white Ferment.

When you have your white fulphur of nature (after putrifaction) flicking to the fides of the glafs, let it cool, and take out your glafs and fet it in Afhes, and encreafe your fire but not too much left your matter vitrifie, and let your afhes be no hotter then you can hold your hand therein, and fo let it ft and till the fulphur be of a perfect deep red colour, Then have you the red fulphur of the red Luminary.

If you refolve this red fulphur in spirit of wine or distilled Vinegu into an oyl it is then the Li-

quor

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quor of the ted Luminary, And Auram potabile curing all infirmutes if the fpirit of wine or vinegar be destilled from it; But for this work it were better to diffolve it in our red Lac Virginis spoken of in the second Chapter of the second Book; diftill away the Lac from the fulphur in Afhes, and the fulphur remaining in an oile is the Ferment of all ftones to the red. The augmentation of this red Elixir in vertue is with his red Tincture as before in the white Elixir with his white Tincture. The augmentation in quantity is by projection upon the body of gold molten : And that brittle matter of gold upon g and if it be powdered and refolved with spirit of wine in. an oylas was faid before of filver then it is the Quintellence of gold, and the great Elixir of life and the spiritual ferment for the transmutation of mettals and for the health of mans body.

The 5 Chapter sheweth the abbreviation of the Red Elixir.

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CHAP. V.

1 The Liquor of the red sulphur. 2 Fermentation.

A Lthough Raymund writing to King Robert + was pleased to say, That every Accurtation Boethaw diminisheth the perfection : because Medicines mentiony which are made by accurtation have lefs effect of this letter transmutation, which I also afcent to with him to Bobory for a truth, if the work be begun from the first King of Cay fountain : yet because this work hath its begin- Cand ning from those things which before were brought to a perfect degree of perfection, therefore in this there is no diminution of the perfection as the lame Raymund witneffeth lib. Mecur! pag. 103. faying thus.

Therefore it ought to be declared unto thee? that if they be both well prepared (and that thou begin with them) thou wilt do a wonderful work without any great labour fooner then if thou fhould begin with one thing alone; Therefore my fon begin thy work of two things together as I shewed to thee in the greater stone, when we fpoke of the twofold cultody of the actions which are caufed by the bodies and spirits.

By that which is caufed by the bodies and fpirits he means nothing else but fulphur, willing that we fhould begin with fulphur, to which I do so well agree that I begin this my accurtation with

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with fulphur alone and I add no other body to this Elixir but onely the fulphur of φ alone created of his own body and fpirit.

Take therefore 2 ounces of the white fulphur that was described in the first Chapter and set it in ashes to rubifie, in 30 days it will be turned into red fulphur.

Which when you have done diffolve that fulphur in the red Tincture of *Mecury* when it is diffolved draw away the Tincture, in the bottom remaineth the Liquor of the fulphur.

To which if you add a due proportion of the liquor of the red Luminary it will be perfect Ferment, which if you diffolve and congeal as before is fhewed, it is then Elixir of very great vertue to the red work and no man can make a fhorter abreviation in the world; And when the fulphur of any body is prepared it may this way very fpeedily be converted into Elixir by adding the liquor of the ferment.

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CHAP VI.

1 The Body. 2 The Spirit. 3 The Lion. 4 The Eagle. 5 The Phylosophers Lead. 6 Antimony. 7 Antimony Mercury. 8 The Glue of the Eagle. 9 Solution of the red Lion into Blood. 10 Solution of the Glue of the Eagle. 11 Solution of the Blood of the red Lion. 12 Conjunction. 13 Putrifaction. 14 The Stone. 15 Fermentation. 16 In the Trinity of The Phisical and Alchimical Tindure The Soul. 17 Is the Unity of the Medicine.

Ake Antimony calcined fo much as you please, and grind it to a subtile powder, then take twice fo much Lac Virginis and put your powder of Antimony therein and fet it in baineo 7 days, then put it into a body, and fet it in fand or ashes till the Lac be turned red, which draw of and pour on more and fo let it stand, when that is coloured red, pour it to the other and thus do till you have drawn out all the tincture set all this water in balneo or lent a-. fhes to diffill with a Limbeck, and diffill it with a lent fire and first of all the Lac will ascend, then you shall see a stupendious Miracle because you shall see through the note of the Alimbeck as it were a thousand veins of the liquor of this bleffed E 3

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bleffed minere to descend in red drops just like bloud, which when you have got thou hast a thing whereto all the treasure in the world is not equall; Now you have the blood of the Lion according to Rapefiffa, let us here rest a little and speak of the Glew of the Eagle, of which Paracelfus thus faith.

Reduce Mercury fo far by fublimation till it be a fixed Chriftall; this is his preparation of Mercury and his way of reducing it into the Glew of the Eagle, but above all I require that that way be used which is described by me before in the first Chapter, or that hereafter set down after this.

Then faith the forefaid Author, go on to refolution and coagulation, and I again will you to observe the same manner of solution shewed in the first Chapter before.

Now let us come to conjunction after the folution of these two, take equal weight of them and put them in a vessel well shut.

After you have thus joined them together fet your glass in your furnace to putrifie and alter the space of certain days. Therefore *Paracelfus* faith, then at length and prefently after your *Lili* is made hot in your glass it appeareth in wonderful manners (or demonstrations) blacker then the Crow: after that in process of time whiter then the Swan and then passing by yellow to be more red then bloud.

This being putrified and turned into red is to be taken for the fione, and then it is time it be fermented.

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Of which Fermentation Paracelfas thus ipaaketh, one past thereof is to be projected upon 1000 parts of molton gold, and then the medicine is prepared and this is the Fermentation of it. But if the half or one part of the inquor of the fulphur of gold before described be added to it then it would be spirituall ferment, and would be much more penetrating in fortitude and fusible as Paracelsus doth tettifie in his Aurora where he would have us to join the ftar of the fun or the oyl of fol to this ftone. And thus the phifical Alchimical tructure is performed in a short time for cuting all manner of Infirmities and humane difeafes (which is also the great Elixir for mettals) fo courtly concealed by the Antients. Which Hermes Trismagistus the Egyptian, Clus the Gretian, Haly an Arabian, and Albertus Magnus a German, with many others, have fonght and profecuted every one after their own method, and one in one fubject another in another, fo much defired by the Philosophers onely for prolongation of life.

In this composition Mercury is made a fixed and diffolved body, the blood or spirit of the red Lion is the ferment or foul, and so of trinity is made unity, which is called the Phifical and Alchimicall tincture, never before that I knew of collected or writ in one work And I swear: I had not done this except that otherwise the composition of this bleffed medecine had for ever been forget.

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A shorter way to make the glue of the Eagle.

If you defige to make the glue of the Eagle in a breifer way. Take part of the <u>red precipitate</u> profe as is taught before in the table of Mercury and diffolve it in diffilled vineger and the vineger will be coloured into a yelow or delightfull golden colour and after you have defilled away the vineger there will remain in the bottome a white fubftance of the Mercury fixed and tair, which is to be joyned to the oyle of the Lion; And this work is much florter and lefs laborious, look more hereof in the third Book.

The Calcination of Antimony into the red Lion.

Take Antimony well ground fo much as you pleafe and melt it in naked fire with <u>falt Armoni-</u> ack, and when it is melted caft it fuddainly into a veffel almost full of diftilled vineger wherein falt Armoniack hath been diffolved and thus melt it and caft it in three times, then pour off the vineger from the Caix of the Antimony and drie it well and grind it small and <u>diffolve it as before</u> is taught, and fo have you the <u>Red Lion</u> of the Philosophers Lead or Antimony.

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CHAP. VII.

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 Elixir. 2 Conjunction. 3 Separation. 4 the Stone. 5 Fermentation.6The Earth-7 Spirit oyl, Blood of the Lambe. 8 Diftillation. 9 Refolution. 10 Putrifaction. 11 Solution. 12 Vitrioll. 13 Calcination 14 Copper.

The first Chapter of the Elixir of Copper

Any have fought out the way of the Mineral ftone in vurioll or green Cop-I peras, but they were altogether received which common vitrioll by the Philosophers is called the green Lion of fools. But this our noble red Lion taketh its original from the Metallick body of Copper. Although I am not ignorant how to draw an oyl out of Romain vitrioll of a more fweet imell and delightfull tafte then any balfome if the Tincture be taken out of the calcined viericll in spirit of wine, yet the Philosophers will is, and command that it do confilt of a Metallick vertue wherewith the transmutation of mettalls is to be effected. Therefore they fay it is to be made of bodies and not of spirits as of vitrioll fulphur as well and the like. Whence I find it written in the Philosophers

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Philosophers Tarba and in the first Exercitation : But the Philosophers stone is a metallick matter converting the fubftances and forms of imperfect mettalls, and it is concluded by all the Philosophers that the conversion is not made except by its like, therefore it is neceffary that the Philosophers ftone be made of a metallick matter, yet if any be made of spirits yet it would be better and much more Philosophical and more near to a metall ck nature to be made of bodies then of spirits: but if by Art the body should be turned into a spirit then the fame body would be both body and fpirit, and not to be doub'ed but the stone might be made of such a body or spirit. but let us return to our purpole; It being granted that this our vitrioll is such a body according to which Paracelfus teftifyeth in his Amrora Philosophoram under this Amigura or secret of the Antient Philosophers.

Vificabis Interiora Terra Recliffando Invenies Occultum Lapidem Veram Medicinam.

Out of the first letter of every word of this Asnigura is gathered this word VITRIOLUM by which is meant that thereof the stone or medicine may be made.

Therefore *Paracelfus* faith, the inward parts of the Earth are to be visited; not onely the Earth which is vitrioll, but the Inward parts of the Earth, he meaneth the sweetness and redness, because there lieth hid in the inward parts of vitrioll a fubtill noble and fragrant juice and pure cyle. And

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And this is efpecially to be noted the production of this Copper into vitrioll is not to be done neither by calcination of the fire nor diffillation of the matter, left it be deprived of its greenneffe which being loft it wants both power and ftrength.

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Paracelfus (peaks not one word of the preparation of this vitriol by whole filence many have erred, therefore I determined to leave him here a little and to profecute and follow the order of the Table wherefore I begin with the calcination of the metall. And note that this calcination of Copper is made that it may be turned into vitrioll and not the calcination of vitrioll made of copper.

Take therefore as much copper as you pleafe and diflolve, Calcination it in Aqua fortis to a far green water, then fet it 3 or 4 days to difgeft till the matter be clear which pour out into a limbeck and in Balieo draw away the corrafive water fo that the matter remain dry for then it is calcined.

Then upon every 2 pound of this calcined matter pour a gailon of difilled Vinegar and lute it up in a glafs, and fet it in balneo almost boyling the space of 7 days, when it is cold put into a limbeck to diftill away all the vinegar in balneo, and in the bottom of the Alimbeck you shall have your vitrioll very well congealed far fairer then Romain vitrioll which is corporeal and metallick vitrioll.

Which Vitrioil I do not diffoive in rainwater like the Paracelfians, but rather with Lac

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Lac Virginis as before is taught in the former Chapters or in Raymunds Calcination water, and after its diffolution and perfect digeftion, that is to fay 15 days I put it into a limbeck and balneo draw off the Lac virginis, which being done you fhall find an oylie water green and clear upon which pour the fpirit of wine and after it hath been digefted 7 days and the fpirit of wine difiilled away in balneo you fhall find your green water perfectly rectified made pure fubtile and fpiritual, and apt for putrifaction, for if it be not well diffolved and rarified it will not putrifie.

But now that I may join with Paracelfus in the manner of putrifaction I return to him and fay with him commanding to difget in a warm heat in a glafs well closed the space of fome moneths, and so long till diverse colours appear and be at length red which sheweth the termination of its putrifaction.

But yet in this process this rednets is not fufficiently fixed, but is to be more fully purged from its feces in this manner.

Refolve it or rectifie it in distilled vinegar, till the vinegar be coloured then filler it from its feces. This is its true Tincture and belt refolution and rectification out of which a bleffed oyl is to be drawn.

This Tincture being thus refolved and rectified, is to be put into a body with a limbeck and in balneo diffil the vinegar gently away.

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Then in fand or afhes lift up the fpirit gently and temperately, and when you fee a fume afcend into the glafs and red drops begin to fall out of the nofe of the limbeck into the receiver, then the red oyl beginneth to diftil, continue your diftillation till all be come over, when it is done you fhall have the oyl in the receiver lifted up and feparated from its Earth more delightful and fweet then any balfom, or Aromatick without any fharpnefs at all, which oyl is called the blood of the Lamb. In the bottome of the body you fhall find a white fhining Earth like fnow, which keep well from duft and fo you have the clear Earth feperated from its oyl.

Take this white Earth and put it in a glafs wiol, and put thereto equal weight of the oyl or foul and body, will receive it and embraceit in a moment.

But that it may be turned into a ftone when you have joined these two together, set it into our furnace the space of 40 days and you shall have an absolute oyl of wonderful persection wherewith Mercary and other impersect mettals are turned into gold. As Paracelfus was pleased to say.

The ftone being thus made, I now come to the fermentation without which it is not poffible to give form to it neither will I adhere to the opinion of one man alone contrary to all the Philofophers alone, that is to fay, Paracelfus repugnant to the reft of the Philofophers becaufe they all of neceffity have decreed to give form to the ftone

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ftone by ferment and union, that is to fay, of an imperfect body, and by how much the ferment is more spiritual the ftone will be of so much more penetration and transmutation.

These things being promised I do not think it fit that you should proceed to projection upon *Mercury* instead of fermentation as *Paracelsus* teacheth, or that the stone should be fermented his way with gold either corporeal or spiritua!.

Which gold will be the foundation of the first projection, but what do the Philosophers command us to do? that, projection that is to fay fermentation, be made of a perfect foundation, and that upon imperfect bodies that medicines may be made which foundation of the flone or Elixir is not except it be onely the white or red ferment, in respect of which both gold and filver are faid to be imperfect bodies, therefore this ftone is to be fermented before it be projected upon the corporeal foundation or imperfect, that is to fay corporeal gold.

Therefore joyn this cyle to the fourth part of the cyle of the fulpur of gold, and this is the true fermentation or conversion unto the Elixir.

Then Augment it in vertue by folution and coagulation, and in quantity by projection first upon the corporeal foundation that is to fay gold, then that upon purified *Mercury* and that medicine upon other bodies which are most fit for projection, that is to fay most fufible

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as Lead or Tinne, which after they are purified are most apt by reason of their easiemelting.

And thus the Inward parts of the Earth are vifited and by reflection the hiden ftone is found, the true Medicine out of the green Lion of the Philosophers, and not of fools, and out of Corporeal and metallick vitrioll not terrestrial and made of mineral coperas.

The Second Chapter of Augmentation and projection of the STONE.

IRST, Let us fpeak of the Augmentation of the vertue or quality; of which Raymund faith, The Augmentation in quality and goodnefs is by folution and coagulation of the Tincture, that is to fay, by imbiling it with our Mercury and drying it. But let us hear Arnoldus more attentively, take one part of your prepared Tincture, and diffolve it in three parts of our Mercury, then put it in a glafs and feal it up and fet it in afhes till it be dry and come to a powder, then open the glafs

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glass and imbile it again, and dry it again And the oftener you do the thus so much tha you gain and give th more tincture.

And alfo as it is found in Clangor Buccine, Diffolve it in the water of Mercury of which the Medicine was made till it be clear then congeal it by light decoction and imbile it with its oyl upon the fire till it flow by vertue whereof it will be doubled in tincture, with all its perfections as you will fee in projection becaute the weight that was before projected upon a thouland, is now to be projected upon ten thouland, and there is no great labour in this multiplication.

Again the medicine is multiplyed two manner of ways.

By folation of calidity and folution of varity. By folation of calidity, is that you take the Medicine put in a glafs volfel and burie it in our moiff fire feven days or more, till the medicine be diffolved into water without any turbulency. By folution of rarity, is that you take your glafs velfel with your medicine and hang it in a new brafs pot full of water that boileth and close up the mouth of the pot that the medicine may diffolve in the vapour of the boiling water.

But note that the boiling water must not touch the glafs wherein the medicine is but hang above it three fingers, and this folution will be above it in 2 or 3 days after your medicine is duffelved, take it from the fire to cool fix and con-

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congeal and be hard and dry this do often and and how much the more the medicine fhall be diffolved it will be fo much more perfect, and fuch a folution is the fublimation of the medicine and its virtual fublimation, which the oftener it is reiterated fo much more abundantly and more parts it tingeth.

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Whence Rafis faith the goodnels of this multiplication confifteth in the reiteration fublimation and fixation of the medicine and by how much more this order is repeated it worketh to much more and is augmented for fo often as you fublime your medicine and diffolve it you shall gain fo much every time in projection one upon a thousand and if the first fall upon a thoufand the third upon a hundred thousand the fourth upon a million and fo infinitely. For Morienws the Philosopher faith; Know for certain that the oftener our stone is diffolved and congealed the spirit and foul is joined more to the body and is retained by it and in every time the. Tincture is multiplyed.

Whence we thus read in Scala Philosophorum, which also the Philosophers fay. Diffolve and congeal, so without doubt it is understood of the solution of the body and solut with the spirit into water and congealation makes the solution and spirit mix with the body and if with one solution and simple congealation the solution and spirit would be perfectly joined to the body the Philosophers would not say diffolve again, and congeal, and again diffolve and congeal that the Tincture of the stone may grow E. 34 The Rofie Crucian Grown. Book I.

if it could be done with one congellation only.

The Medicine is another way multiplyed by fermentation and the ferment to the white is pure filver, and the forment to the red is pure gold, therefore project one part of your medicine upon 2 of the ferment (but I fay 3 parts of the medicine apon one of the ferment) and all will be Medicine, which put in a glals upon the fire and fo close it that no air go in nor out, and keep it there till it be fubtiliated as you did with the first medicine and one part of the second medicine will have as much vertue as one part, of the first medicine had (but here again Clangor Buccine hath erred for it should be write thus) one part of the second medicine will have as much vertue as ten parts of the first medicine had. And thus by folution and fermentation the medicine may be multiplied infinitely.

We have fpoken enough of this multiplication, we now come to the other way of augmentation which is called corporeal multiplieation and according to *Raymund* is thus defined.

Augmentation is the Addition of Quantity; whence Anicen writeth, It is hard to project upon a million and to preducate it incontimently wherefore I will reveal one great fecret unto you, one part is to be mixed with a thousand parts of its nearest in kind (I call' that nearest that is the body of the same mettal whereof the medicine was made or perfected) Book I. The Rose Crucian Crown. 35

perfected) but to return again to Anicen, clofe all this firmly in a fit veflel and fet it in a furnace of fufion 3 days till it be wholly joined together. Whereof it is more largely and better fet down by the faid Author and the manner of the work is thus projected, one part of the forefaid medicine upon 100 parts of molten gold and it makes it brittle and will all be medicine whereof one part projected a hundred of any melted mettall convertethit into pure gold and if you project it upon filver in like manner it converteth all bodies into filver.

In Scala Philosophorum all forts of projection is tet thus down in few words. You must know that first it is said project, that is to fay one upon 100 &cc. yet it is better to project nanc dimittis upon fundamenta and fundamenta upon verba mea and verba mea upon diligans te Domine and diligam te upon attendite. This breif Aenigua is thus expounded it is nothing elfe but the words and opinion of the former Author concealed under the Aenigura. Therefore let us repeat the words of this Aenigura or Oraccle.

> Nunc <u>dimitt</u>is Super fundamenta Fundamenta Super verba mea Verba mea Super diligam te Diligamte Super attendite,

Theo

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These are trifles for the hiding and concealing the perfection of the Art- if the expert Artist could be diverted with such simple words which though they are hard at first to young Artists, yet they are thus explained. We therefore begin with the first featence.

Nunc dimittis super fundamenta.

Ques

This is here Allegorically taken for the laftaction almost of the work which is called the medicine or stone, which medicine is to be projected upon the ferment that is to say upon the oyl of Selor Luna, which are the ferments or foundations of the Art in spiritual augmentation (as before was faid) upon molten gold and filver. And that spiritual ferment converted into medicine is to be projected upon molten gold or filver which are corporeal ferments in corporeal Augmentation and the corporeal fundaments of the Art upon quick filver.

Fundamenta super verba mea.

This is also spoken allegorically because in the Adage it is faid words are wind, as if a word were nothing else but the motion of the lips and exhaltation of the lungs which no sooner arise from motion but fly away and are turned to air so likewise Quick filver or Mercury goeth out of the bodies of other mettalls

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mettalls, and is 10 volatile in the fire or hear as words in the air. And therefore <u>Mercury is</u> likened to words upon which the fundaments are to be projected,

Verbesmea (vir Mercury) super diligam te.

That is to fay upon other mettalls which have most affinity with quick-filver, and easie of fasion as Saturn and Jupiter that is to fay Lead and Tin, which by this concord and love are easily by the penetration and amiableness of the medicine converted into medicine. And one part of this medicine converteth other parts of mettalls into gold or filver according to the force and power of the Elixir, which other mettalls because they are the substances of the former bodics where of the medicines were made. They are the attendants of those medicines wherefore the Philofopher commandeth that.

Diligem te be projected upon attendite that the fecond medicine or this last projected upon mettal especially that whereof the medicine (that is to fay the stone) was made, should turn that mettall into gold or filver according to the proverty and quality of the medicine.

But to put an end to this projection, take it according to the opinion of Arnoldus gathered out of the 31 Chapter who willeth to project one part of the Elizir upon 100 of Mercu y purged and all will be medicine upon other 100 parts of Mercury purged and all will be medicine, afterward project one part of this

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medicine left congealed upon 100 parts of Mercury washed and all will be gold or filver, in all tryalls according as the Elixir is white and red Lastly that I may briefly rehearse the abfolute manner of projection. First the medicine is to be projected upon gold or filver molten, then upon quickfilver purged to long till it turns it into medicine and lastly upon mettals most near, that they may be converted into pure gold or filver according to the properties and qualities of the medicine.

Because we have said something of the propinquity of mercalls that is to fay, that the Elixir is to be projected upon that imperfect body out of which its Mrcury and fulphur was first extracted, therefore it will not be unneceffary to fet down one example that is to fay if the medicine " as made of Mercury then it is to be projected upon quick filver for makeing gold or filver because quick filver is a near body to Mercury and to of the reft. Yet it is to be noted, that all Elixirs may and ought to be projected upon quickfilver, because quickfilver is the Mother and sperm of all metrals therefore quick filver made and turned into medicine, is to be projected upon a body, most near to it; Which is Lead or Tinne; Upon which the medicine is always to be projected, whether white or red for the making and transmuting of mettals, but both the quickfiver and lead are first to be purged that they may be purified and deprived of cheir filth. Enough

Labore

Book I. The Rosse Crucian Crown 39

Enough hath been faid before of the purgation or putrification of Mercury. We will now speak of the putrification of lead.

Melt your Lead in a Crucible and when it is melted let it ftand in the fire a quarter of an hour and put therein a little falt Armoniack and let it ftand a while in the fire and ftir it with an Hon spatula till all the falt Armoniack be gone away in fume then Icrape the skin away out of the crufible, that is upon the lead, then let it ftand to cool and it will be much whiter and fairer. And thus you must purifie your lead or tinne, before projection, because no other bodies are fo fusible and apt to melt wherefore every Elmir ought to be projected upon quickfilver and upon Lead or Tinne for making or transmuting of mettals.

But to the end the manner of projection may be yet more plain I will fet down two rules which must be carefully observed.

The first whereof is that the first medicine that is to fay the stone be projected upon the ferment always three parts of the medicine upon one of the ferment and one part of this upon 10 or 100 of pure molten gold, and one part of this medicine thus made upon 100 parts of an imperfect body, that is to fay, of Mercury for medicine. The later is that you must always consider the fortitude and debility of your medicine for it is to be projected fo often upon quickssiver as it bringeth it into a brittle medicine and when it faileth then F 4 projects

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Project one part thereof upon Lead or linne for making transmutation, according to the order and form of the Elixir.

These being remembred you may eafily conceive the order of Augmentation in vertue and quantity.

These Chapters being ended the other three which follow are set fet down in the next book, because we have spoken before of potable gold and filver, it is therefore necessary after we have made an end of projection to set down another table of the Elixir of life in the next place, and after speak of its vertue and power as we find it among all the Antient and modern Philosophers and so make an end of the first Book.

FINIS.

Hammeguleh Hampaaneah, or the Rosie Crucian

SET WITH

CROWN

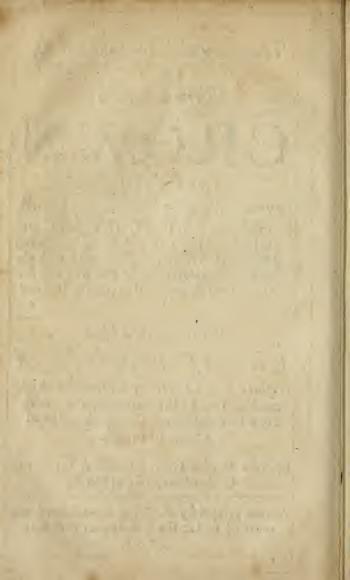
Seven Angels, 7 Planets, 7 Genii, 13 Signes, 12 Idea's, 16 Figures, and their Occult Powers, upon the 7 Mettalls and Miraculous' vertues in Medicines; with the perfect full difcovery of the *Pantarva* and *Elixirs* of Mettalls prepared to cure the Difeafed.

Whereunto is Added ELHAVAREUNA

Preforia, Regio Lucis, and Pfonthon Books much defired by the learned of the world, Now Compleated and Communicated to all manner of Petfons.

By John Heydon Gent DIROUDING A Servant of God and Secretary of Nature.

London, Printed by P. L. for Samuel Speed, and are to be fold at the Rain-bow in Fleetsfreet. 1665.



To the truly honourable and excellently Accomplifhed the most Renowned,

John Lloyd Elq.

Externall internall and eternall felicity be wifhed.

SIR.



Dedicate my Books to you, and your Noble brother becaufe wifdome and vertue cannot be parted, but being my two guards of fafty or preferving Patrons to defend me from

envie and Malice, I presume to call you Governour of my Regio Lucis, and him Protector of Elhavareuna, or the High Preist of the Rolie Cross, and the Harmony of the world, the Temple of Wisdome, The Holy Guide,

Guide, Contain the power of Natural sciences and the most absolute Consummation thereof, and that which is the Active part of Figures which by the help of the naturall vertues of Mettalls, from a Mutuall and opportune application of them, brings forth opperations even to Admiration, which sciences the Rosie Crucians taught when they came to worship our Saviour Christ when he was born. The Princes of all places did study these sciences, as Hiarthas King of the Caldeans, Jespion Prince of the Brackmans, Phroates The Indian Prince, Astaphon Duke of the Gimnsophists, Budda King of Babilon, Numa Pompillius King of the Romans Zamoxides Emperour of Thrace, Abbaris Prieft of the Hiperborean Jewes, Hermes Trifinegist a King and Law= conners of Fgypt, Zoroafter the fon of O-conners King of Persia, All these and many more were Lovers of these Rosie Crucian In fallible Axiomata, and both writers and Ratrons of this Kind of Learning, as Josephus The Hebrew Hermes Eranthes King of Arabia &c. And Anto relates in Alcibiades that the fons of the Perfian Kings were instructed in these sciences, that they might Learn to administer, and distribute their Image to the Common-wealth of the

world, and the Common wealth to it : and

Cicero saith in his Books of Divination, that there was none among ft the Persians did enjoy the Kingdome, but he that had first Learned Philosophy, Rosie Crucians Contemplate the powers of Naturall, and Cælestial things, and searching curiously into their Simpathy doe produce incredible powers in Nature into Publique veiw, so Coupling Inferiour Telesmes, Images, Gamakes and other things as Allurements to the Gift of Superiour Angels Planets Genii, Idea's And figures and other things, that by the Mutuall application of Angels Planets and stars to Genji and tigures of Geomancy upon Mattalls, arife wonderfull Miracles, not so much by Art as by Nature, to which Art becomes an Affiftant mhilest it works these things eelctions being made of hours when Angels and Planets are strong, figures and Characters rightly engraven or caft uppon prepared Spermatick pure Mettall clear and fine, free from any Mixture. and all fitted to the Angel planet figne Idea, figure of Geomancy and these must be applyed to the person of the Querent or Native, fignified by the Angel Planet signe Genius Idea and figure, who shall then find the Calestiall and terrestriall powers, unite to his defire, and performe

forme incredible extraordinary things, at cer tain, times Naturally and Rofie Crucians as the most curious Searchers of Nature. making use of these things that are prepared by Nature only, by appling fiery active things to Earthly passive things, produce oftentimes effects before the time ordeined by Nature, which the envious scriblers think are Miracles and cry them down as Magicall with and in their under opinion termed Diabolicall, which meed are Naturall works, the prevention only of the time coming betwixt, as if any one should produce Roses in the Month of March, and apple trees Blow and bear fruit in December and Ripe cherries, Grapes and Beans in January or make parfly grow into perfect plant within few hours, and cause greater things then thefe, as Clouds, rain, Thunders, and animails of divers kinds and raife the Dead, And spot Horses black and white like stars or any other colour, and very many transmutatious of things these Books and Arts I Submit (you excelling in Jugment and Candour) to your censure, that if I have wrote any thing which may end either to the contumely of Nature, offending God, or injury of Religion, you may condemn the errour; but the scandall of Malicious persons being disfolved,

Solved, you may defend the tradition of Truth, And that you would do fo with these Books, and my self, that nothing may be Concealed which may be profitable, and nothing approved of, which cannot but do hurt, by which means the Harmony of the World, The Temple of Wildome, The Holy Guide, Regio Lucis and Elhavareuna, having passed your examination (aswell as my other Patrons) with approbation, may at Length be thought worthy to come forth with good succefs in publique as my otherBooks, and may uot be afraid to come under censure of posterity, because I wear the most Noble title of.

Aprill the 5 th at noon 1664.

Your molt affectionate humble servant and true honourer.

JOHN HEYDON.

Book II.

The Rofie Crueian

CROWN

Set with Angels, Planets and Mettals Ore."

The Second Book.

CHAP. I.

Of the bleffed stone of the Philosophers or the Elixir of life, and alfo the way of making mallcable glaffe.

I Elixir of life. 2 Gold diffolved. 3 Silver dissolved. 4 Gold melted. 5 melted Silver. 6 Projection of the red Medicine. 7 Projection of the white Medicine.



48

ERMESSpeaking of fermentation bids us to take the fun and his fhadow by the fhadow he meaneth the moon because in respect of dignity lufbe and power the is much more weak and inferiour then the fun And

Book II. The Rosie Crucian Crown. 47

And the moon followeth the fun as a fhadow doth the body and is not illuminated except by the light of the fun, we will firft fpeak of the body, that is to fay of gold, and after come to the fhadow of which gold it is written in a book of Chimicall Art in this manner. The Philofophers ftone is made of gold alone and onely by nature and is more fublime then them, which the Philofophers affirme cureth all infirmities. According to the opinion of this Philofopher I purpofe to begin with gold alone and the medicine which is a new and fole nature, and antient and found Quinteffence.

But to the end this gold may be better and more pure, it may be purged two manner of wayes that is to fay, by Antimony and by diffolution in corrofive waters with which copper plates are mixed as Goldfmiths use to do which is called water gold.

When you have thus prepared your gold project one part of your red medicine (or red Elixir) upon 100 parts thereof when your medicine is augmented in vertue and all that weight of molten gold will be converted into a red brittle maffe which gtind upon a marble to an impalpable powder.

Then diffolve these hundred parts or so much thereof as you please in distilled vineger or in spirit of wine, and set it to disgest in Balneo the space of a day or two then distill the spirit of wine from it in Balneo, and in the bottome will remain the fixed and pure oyl of the gold which

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which is then the true Aurum potabile, and fpiritual Elizir of life, If you would give to any one of this powder prefently before it be converted to oyl, warm a little white or Rhenifh wine and diffolve in either of them fo much of the red powder as will tincture the fame into a red colour and the wine fo tinctured will be Aurum potabile, but it would be better and more penetrating if it were tinctured with the forefaid oyl.

In like manner is the white medicine to be projected after the purification of the filver in a corrofive water as is before declared.

And fo the melted filver will be converted into a brittle powder and white maffe which likewife is to be diffolved and turned into oyl and thus the white Elixir of life is made and potable filver curing and healing to far as it is able humane difeates for it cannot be fuppofed that the Elixir of Luna hath fo great vertue as the Elixir of Sol hath.

Whence the Author of the book call'd correctio falnerum and Richard Anglicus in his correctory. fay whereas among the Vulgar and Philofophers: God hath this report that being in his fift disposition that it cureth the Leprofy and many other vertues, this is not except by its compleat disgestion because the excellency of the fire acting in it confumeth all evil humours that are in fick bodies as well in hot as cold causes, But filver can not do this because it hath not to much superfluity of fire and is not fo much disgested and decosted with natural

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Book II. The Rose Crucian Crown. 49

maturity, yet notwithstanding this it hath ferinefs occultly and vertually in it, but no to fully because the fire causeth not fuch Her mental quallities as in gold. And therefore filver being in his first dilposition doth not cure the Leprofy to potently unless it be first difgested by Arruntill it have the cheif degrees of gold in all maturity. Wherefore other fick metallick bodies more weakly cure infirmities according as they differ more from them in perfection and maturity fome differ more fome lefs, which is by reason of the sulphur infected feid and burning of which they were made at the beginning in their generation and coagulation and therefore they cure not whereas the fire in them is burning and fo infected with the Elementall feces with the mixture of other Elementall quallities.

Seeing therefore that gold is of fuch vigor amongst the vulgar and that being in his first disposition what wonder is it if it being brought into medicine (as is experienced) by Art and his vertue be subtiliated by dispetition of decoction and purgation of the qualities but it may then cure more may infinite or all diseafes.

It makes an old man young and revive, it preferveth health ftrengtheneth nature and expelleth all fickneffes of the body it drivet's poyion away from the heart it moyfteneth the Arteries and breifly preferveth the whole body found.

G 2

In

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In the Ludas purorum it is thus written of the use of this medicine the manner of useing it according to all the Philosophers is thus, if you will use to cat of this medicine then take the weight of two florence Duccats of our Elixir and one pound of any confection, and eat of that confection the quantity of one dram in wineer. And if you do thus it driveth away all bodily infirmities from what caule foever they proceed whether hot or cold, and conferveth health and youth in a man, and maketh an old man young, and maketh gray hairs to fall, it also prefently cureth the Leprofy, and difsolveth Flegm mundifieth the bloud it sharpeneth the fight and all the fenses after a most wonderful manner above all the medicines of the Philosophers.

To which purpose we thus find in the \mathcal{R}_{o} fary of the Philosophers, In this (that is to say in the Elixir) is compleated the pretious gift of God, which is the Arcanam of all the Sciences in the world, and the incomperable treasure of treasures (for as *Plato* faith) he that hath this guist of God hath the dominion of the world (that is to say of the Microcosme) because he attaineth to the end of Riches and hath broke the bonds of nature, not onely for that he hath power to convert all imperfect mettalls into pure gold and filver, but rather because he can convert and preferve both man and every Animall in perfect health.

To

Book II. The Rose Crucian Crown. 51

To this purpose speaketh Geber, Hermes Arnoldus, Raymundus, Lullius, Ripley, Penotus, Augurellus, Aegidius, Valescus, Roger Bacon, Scotus, Laurentins, Venture; and diverse uncertain Authors.

Laftly, I now come to the generall confent of all the Philosophers and repeat what is found in their writings in the Book de Aurora consurgeat, and in Clangor Buccine, It is to be noted that the Annent Philosophers have found 4 principal effects or vertues in the glorious repository of this treasure.

1. First, it is faid to cure mans body of all infirmities.

2. Secondly, to cure imperfect mettalls.

3. Thirdly, to transmate bale stones into pretious gemmes.

4. Fourthly, to make Glass malleable.

Of the first. All Philosophers have confented that when the Elixir is perfectly rubified it doth not onely work miracles in folid bodies but also in mans body of which there is no doubt, for being taken inwardly it cureth all infirmities, it cureth outwardly by unction. The Philosophers also fay, if it be given to any in water or wine first warmed it cureth them of the Phrenfy, Dropfie, and Leprofy, and all kind of Fevers are cured by this Tincture and taketh away whatloever is in a weak ftomack it bindeth and confumeth the Flux of peccant humours being taken fasting it driveth away malencholly and fadnels of the mind it cureth the infermities of the eyes and dryeth up their Moift-

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moisteness and blearedness, it helpeth the purblind, red or bloodshot eyes it mollifieth the primy or web the Inflamation of the eyes and all other incident diseases are easily cured by . this Philosophical medicine.

It comforteth the heart and fpiritual parts by taking inwardly it mittigateth the pain of the head by anointing the temples therewith maketh the deaf to hear and fuccoreth all pains of the ears it rectifieth the contracted Nerves by unction, it reftoreth rotten teeth by walhing also all kind of imposthumes are cuted with it, by oyntments or emplaytors or injecting the dry powder therein.

It cureth Ulcers wounds Cancers Fistulas <u>nelime tangere</u>, and luch like diseafes and generateth new fleih if it be mixed with corrupt and fower wine it reftores it, it expelleth poyfon being taken inwardly it also killeth wormes if it be given in powder it taketh away wrinkles and spots in the face by anointing therewith and maketh the face feem young, it helpeth women in travail being taken inwardly and bringeth out the dead child by emplaister, it provketh Vrine, and helpeth generation it preventeth drunkennes, helpeth the memory, and Augmenteth the radical moisture it ftrengtheneth nature and also Administreth many other good things to mans body.

2. Of the fecond it is written that it transmuteth all imperfect mettals in colour fubstance lasting weight ductibility melting hardness and softness

3. Of

The Rose Crucian Crown. Book II.

3. Of the third, that is to fay of transmuting bale and ignoble ftones into pretious gems, I will not speak of in this place, because I have reserved it for another place, that is to fay the third Book.

Of the fourth it is writ that it maketh glaffe malleable by mixture (that is to lay of the powder of the white corporeal Elixir) when the glass is melted. Thus fat Aurora Consurgeus and Clangor Buccina.

Now if you defire to make pure and clear malleable glass learn this of me, and beware of what glass you make your mettal for you must not take glass of Flints, wherewith glass of windows are made but such as your Venice glass is made of, and that is to be chosen out of the first mettal of the glass, which hath stud molten in the fire, in the glass makers furnace the space of a night. & then it will be without spots and pure therefore take as much of the faid glass out of the furnace with your Iron rod, as you have a defire to convert, and when it is cold weigh it, and melt it by it felf in a pot, and when it is well molten project your white corporeal Elixir upon it and it will be converted into malleable mettal and fit and apt glass for all Gold Smiths operations. And thus is glafs made malleable and prepared for any use but if this were done with the red Elixir it would be much more during, for there is nothing more pretious of which we will not now speak.

Therefore Son or or Reader whofoever thou art who readest my Books give credic to me and beleive me, because all things that you shall find G 4

writ

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writ here are either the most approved writings and collections of all writers or the Authors own experiments. For I have tryed many things and found many things true. I beleive no man liveth amongst Mortals that knoweth more ways of prepartions which are concealed by almost all the Philosophers.

For that which perfectent the great work that they have all concealed which truely is the errour of all Artifts. And this is all I would have you to do. To calcine, diffo've and feperate the Elements after join them together putrifie them or reduce them into fulphur ferment, project, Augment in vertue and quantity. This is onely the work of the Philofophers of which the whole Company of Philofophers have writ in a continuate courfe.

The End of the Second Book.

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Hampaaneab Hammegulleb: OR, The Rosie Crucian

CROWN:

In which is fet down the

Angels of the Seven Planets, and their Occult Power upon the Seven Metals, and miraculous Vertues in the Calum Terræ, or firft matter of all things.

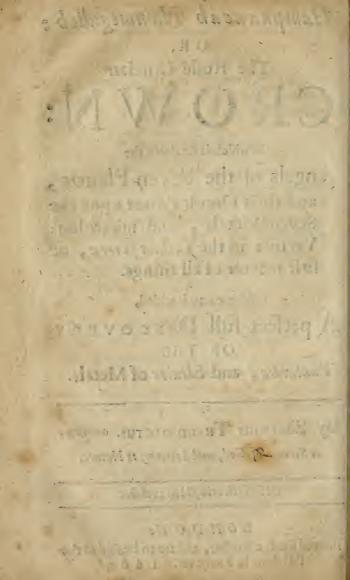
Whereunto is added,

A perfect full Discovery OF THE Pantarva, and Elixirs of Metals.

By EUGENIUS THEODIDACTUS. DIACTOR A Servant of God, and Secretary to Nature.

Ubi est scientia, ibi est invidia.

LONDON: Printed for the Author, and are to be fold at the Rainbow in Fleetsfreet, 1664.



To the Worthy, Learned, Noble, and Valiant Colonel Samuel Sandys, late Governor of his Majefilies Garrifon in the Famous City of Worcefter, and now one of the Right Honorable Members of Parliament, Gc.



Our late respects to me have commanded my Soul to serve you: and knowing you are a fivell a Philosopher and Learned, as a Souldier that can command Armies of

Horse and Foot into good order for War; I therefore humbly present this little Piece of Philosophy to your pleasure: As the Book is. Art and Nature united to ferve you, so the Epistle may make you merry, by the great power of Natural things; for you know they not onely work upon all things that are neer them by their Vertue, but also besides this, they infuse into them a like Power, through which by the fame Vertue they alfo work upon other things, as in the Loadstone, which stone doth not onely draw Iron Rings, but also infuseth a Vertue into the Rings themselves, whereby they can do the same : After this manner it is, that the common Harlots and Villains, grounded daily in boldness and impudence in Stage-Plays, infest all that are neer them AZ

them by this property; whereby the Spectors are made like them, therefore they say that if any one shall put on the inward Garments of a Stage-Player, or Shall have about him that Lookingglass which they daily look into, he shall become bold, Confident, Ignorant, Impudent and Wanton; so a Cloth that was about a dead Corps, makes him that carries it sad and melancholy: And if you put a Green Lizard made blind, together with Iron or Gold Rings into a Glass Vef-Jel, putting under them some earth, butting then the Veffel; and when it appears that the Lizard hath received his fight, shall put them out of the Glass, that those Rings shall help fore eyes; the (ame may be done with Gold Rings: and a Weefel, whose eyes with any kind of prick are put out, it is certain are restored to sight again; upon the same account Rings are put for a certaintime in the Neft of Sparrows or Swallows, which afterwards are used to procure Love and Favor : These observations and ten thousand more I made to ferve you, and they shall testifie, you shall know you have power to command,

Your most affectionate

S.

humble servant

JOHN HEYDON.

Book 3. The Rofie Crucian Crown. I

The third Book.

Of Saturne or Lead the first Direction,

CHAP. I.

Of the Elixar, Putrefaction into Sulphur, the Oyl of the Sulphur, of the Conjunction of the Salt and Oyl of the Spirit, or Salt of Saturne, which containeth the Oyl or foul of the Menftruum of white Mercury and red water of Paradice, Refolution, Solution, diftillation, Hyl, Purgation, refolution of Sericon, of the Gum of Sericon, of the folution of the Minium or Adrop, of Calcination of Minium into Adrop and red Lead, of Calcination of Lead with Aqua Fortis.

Ety many have writ of Saturne or Lead, but none that I know of have writ fully thereof in any particular Treatife; therefore I do not here onely fet down what I have gathered from them most briefly and truely, but also those things which I have found and proved by my own experience, which I have annexed to them, that the work may be absolute and compleat,

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Of

2 The Rosie Crucian Crown. Book 3.

Of which, as they fay, Mary the Prophetefs, and the Sifter of Mofes in her Books of the work of Saturne is thus faid to write, Make your water running like the water of the two Zaibeth, and fix it upon the heart of Saturne : And in another place, Marry the Gum with the true Matrimonial Gum, and you shall make it like running water. Of which process of Maty, George Ripley our Country man hath these verses.

> Mariamira fonat Qua nobis talia donat Gummis cum binis Fugitivum fugit inimis Horis in trinis Tria vinelat fortia finis Fila Plutonis Confortia jungit Amoris.

Or thus,

Maria mira fonat, breviter qui talia donat Gummi cum binis fugitivum fugit in innis Horis in trinis tria vinclat fortia finis. Maria lux roris ligam ligat in tribus horis Filia Plutonis confortia jungit Amoris Gaudet inaffala fola per tria fociata.

The heart of Saturne, faith *Ripley*, is his white and clear body, out of whole doctrine the work doth briefly thus proceed, that is to fay, that a water he made out of the body of Saturne, like the water Zaibeth, and that water fixed upon the heart of Saturne, but because the practice of draw-

The Rose Crucian Crown. Book 3.

drawing out this water of Zaibeth, doth not appear out of this, nor the way of making the heart of Saturne, therefore the foregoing direction in he Holy Guide will shew them both.

Therefore I have joyned two Tables, in one of which the fhorter is the demonstration of the reduction of the body of Saturne into his heart or Salt, the other longer and greater, is the extraction of the water Zabieth, and the confummation of the work of Saturne.

Having thus defcribed this work, I now come to the explanation, and fay, that the Calcination of the Body is twofold; for the Calcination thereof in the shorter work, for extracting the heart of Saturne, is done on this wife by Aqua Fortis.

Take 8 or 10 Ounces of Lead in Filings, and diffolve it in Aqua Fortis in double proportion, and fortified with Salt Armoniack in an Earthen Veffel with a narrow neck, and fet in a fhes till it be totally diffolved; and there will remain a white matter in the bottom like Grains of white Salt, which is a figure of perfect folution ; then pour your matter that is diffolved in the water into a body, and set thereon a Limbeck, and in Balneo draw away the corrolive water, till there remain a dry substance in the bottom; and so you have the body converted white by Calcination with corrolive water, out of which the heart of Saturne is to be drawn.

The way to wash away and purge the corrofive water from the body, pour warm water upon the substance in a Limbeck, and pour it often off till it have no sharpness at all upon the tongue,

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The Rosie Crucian Crown. Book 3.

tongue, and then your body is prepared for drawing out the Salt.

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When your matter is well dried, diffolve it ait again in diffilled Vinegar, and diffill the Vinegar twice or thrice from it, and in the bottom you fhall have a lucid clear and white fhining Salt, which is then called the heart of Saturne.

Now I come to the practice of the other greater work, that the verity of the flone maybe found, of which many have made mention in their Books, as *Raymundus*, who calleth it the Vegetable Mineral, and Animal Stone; *Geber* faith there groweth a Saturnian Herb on the top of a Hill or Mountain, whofe blood if it be extracted, cureth all infirmities.

Ripley writ a whole Book, called his Practical Compendium, of the practice of the Vegetable Stone, teaching the manner and form of operation; but because he neither set down the solution plainly nor perfectly, he hath been the cause of much error, and hath not onely deceived me but all those that followed him, untill after a long time I found a way to diffolve Saturne, so that it could never after by distallation be turned into Lead again, which is the chiefest and greatest secret of the Vegetable Stone.

But let us hear the words of Mary the Prophetefs, and Ripley taken from her: The Radix of our matter is a clear and white body which putrifieth not, but congealeth Mercury or Quickfilver, with its odor makes its water like the running water of the two Zabieth (alis Zubech) and fix it upon the fixed heart of Saturne: which words

BOOK 3. The Rose Crucian Crown.

words do most aptly agree with the properties of Lead; for if any one be fmit or wounded with a Bullet, and the Bullet remain in the body, it will never putrifie.

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And also if Quick-filver be hanged in a Por over the fume of molten Lead, so as the fume of the Lead touch the Quick-filver, it will congeal it.

Thus far of the preparation of Lead, we now come to its denomination, They bid us fix the water Zaibeth upon the fixed body of the heart of Saturne; now for the exposition of the body, for the name of Saturne, Ripley calleth it Adrop, of which that is made which the Masters call Sericon; the water of Sericon they call their Menstruum, the two Zabieths joyned together in one water, are the two Mercuries, that is to fay white and red contained in one Menstruum, that is to fay of the water and Oyle of the fixed body or heart of Saturne : Follow what I have written concerning the imbibition of the earth, our operation is no otherwise then in the Practical Compendium of Ripley.

Isacmallo writ a Treatile of Lead, he worketh chiefly according to the doctrine of Mary the Prophetels, and laboreth much to fix the earth of Saturne, and after to diffolve the body in diffilled Vinegar; that by the addition of corroding and fharp things, his red Oyl may be difilled, which he calleth the water of Paradice, that he may imbibe his fixed earth therewith: which way is much florter then Ripleys, but the rubification and fixation of the earth is long and uncertain; wherefore I have both forfaken Isacma

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Isaacus and Ripley in making the earth, in thead of which I have given the fixed heart of Saturne, as you may read in the Holy Guide.

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But that the body may be prepared according to this Table, and after my intention and the define of *Ripley*, we both will that the Oyl or Water of Paradice be drawn out of the Gum of Sericon (whole father is Adrop) Sericon is made of Red-lead; therefore it is first neceflary to shew the way of making Minium of Lead, which Thomas Juc an Englishman hath described, together with the Composition of the Gum of Sericon, which Auchor I purpose to follow, as being the best.

Take ten or twelve pound of Lead, and melt it in a great Iron veffel, as Plumbers use to do, and when it is molten, fir it still with an Iron Spatula till the Lead be turned to powder, which powder will be of a green colour; when you fee it thus, take it from the fire and let it cool, and grind that powder upon a Marble till it be impalpable, moistening the powder with a little common Vinegar, till it be like thick honey, which put into a broad Earthen Vessel, and set it on a Trever over a lent fire, to vapor away the Vinegar and drie the powder, and it will be of a yellow colour ; grind it again and do as before, till the powder be so Red as Red-lead, which is called Adrop : And thus is Saturne calcined into Redlead or Minium.

Take a pound of this Read-lead and diffolve it in a Gallon of Vinegar, and flit it with a flick three or four times in a day, and to let it fland in a cold place the space of three days: then take your

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your Earthen Veffel and let it in Balneo twenty four hours, then let it cool and filter the liquor three times; and when it is clear, put it in a body with a Limbeck thereupon, and diffill the Vinegar fo long as it will afcend, and in the bottom the Gum of the Sericon will remain like thick honey, which fet apart, and diffolve more new Lead as before for more Gum, till you have ten or twelve pound thereof.

Now give careful attention, for we now come to the point and period of Ripleys error, for if you put four pound of this Sericon to diffill in a Limbeck, and from thence would draw a Menftruum, as Ripley teacheth, perhaps you would have fcarce one ounce of this Oyl, and fome part of a black earth will remain in the bottom, and most part of the Gum melted again into Lead, by which you may know that the Sericon is not well disfolved, nor as yet sufficiently prepared, that a Chaos may be made thereof fit for distillation, because it is not yet well dissolved; therefore in Isaacus there is found a way of refolving this Gum with distilled Vinegar, acuated with calcined Tartar and Salt-armoniack; Wherefore, faith he, if thou be wife, refolve thy Gum; but I like not this acuation of the Vinegar, as I may call it, I rather choose to resolve the Sericon in Raymund's calcinative water, which is a compounded water of the Vegetable Mercury or fire natural, with the fire against nature, as Ripley testifieth, and it is more verified by Raymund in his Book of Mercuriis, where he teacheth how to diffolve bodies with his calcinative water.

I will reveal unto you this water, which is almost molt unknown: Note therefore, that the Vegetable Mercury is the spirit of Wine (instead of which we may sometimes use distilled Vinegar) and that the fire against Nature is a corrosive water made of Vitriol and Salt-Peter.

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Therefore take which you will, either fpirit of Wine rectified (or Aqua Vita) or diffilled Vinegar four pound, and two pound of corrofive water, and mix them together.

In this water thus compounded, refolve half a pound of Gum of Sericon in a circulatory, and fet it in Balneo four or five days, and the Gum will be totally diffolved into the form of water or Oyl of a duskifh red colour.

Then diftill away the water in Balneo, and there will remain an Oyl in the bottom, which is then the Chaos, out of which you may draw a Menftruum containing two elements; and this is the true refolution of the Gum of Sericon, in this water you may refolve fo much Gum as you please by reiteration.

Take two pound of this Chahodical fubltance, and prepare it for diffillation in naked fire or fand, and lift up the clear red Oyl, wherein both the fpirit and foul doth fecretly lie hid, which *Ifaacus* calleth the water of Paradife, which when you have you may rejoyce, for you have gone through all the grofs work, and come to the Philofophical work.

Therefore now proceed to conjunction, and joyn the white heart of Saturne with the red Oyl, as it is found in the Rofary.

Candida succineto jacet usor nupta marito, That is to fay, the red Mercury to the Salt, if you proceed to the red work. There-

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Therefore take four ounces of the Salt or heart of Saturne, and as much of the red Oyl or water of Paradice, and feal them up in a Philosophers Egg, and so foon as they shall feel the heat of the Balneum, the Salt will diffolve and be made all one with the Oyl, so as you shall not know which was the Salt, which was the Oyl.

Set your glass in Balneo, and there let it fland in an equal degree of fire, till all your matter be turned white and flick to the fides of the glass, and fhine like fifhes eyes, and then it is white Sulphure of Nature; but if you proceed to the red work, then divide your white Sulphure into equal parts, referving one part for the white work, and go on with the other part, and in a new glass well fealed up, fet it in Afhes till it be turned into a red colour.

When your Sulphure is thus converted, imbibe it again with equal weight of its foul, diffolving and congealing till it remain in an Oyl, and it will congeal no more, but remain fixed and flowing.

This then is to be fermented with the fourth part of the Oyl of Gold, as is often mentioned before.

We have fet down already before of the augmentation in quantity and quality, therefore it is not neceffary to repeat it here.

We will now return to the white Sulphure before referved, that we may fet down the manner of the white work.

When you have your red Oyl or Soul, if you defire to make the white Elixir, fet part of the faid Oyle in a glass in Balneo to digest, then take

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ic out and putitinto a body, and in a lent fire distill away the spirit or white Mercury, which you must try, that you may know whether it arife pure without water or not, as you do when you try the spirit of Wine, for if it burn all up, it is well; if it do not, rectifie it fo often, till it be without any wateriness at all; then have you rectified your spirit, wherewith dissolve your white Sulphure, till it remain fixed, and flowing, as you did before in the red work, then ferment it and augment it with the fourth part of the Oyl of the white Luminary or Luna, as you did the red, and it will be the white Elixir, converting imperfect bodies into perfect Silver.

A Corollary.

- Marshall

Ripley divided the scope of this work into four operations, whereof the first is the disfolution of the body, the second, the extraction of the Men-Aruum and the separation of the Elements ; the third is not neceffary in our work, because we calt away the earth after every diffillation, inflead of which we use our Salt or heart of Saturne; the fourth is, that there be a conjunction of our Salt as is before described.

Hereafter followeth the Accurtation of the work of Saturn.

The way of extracting Quick-filver out of Saturne is found in Isaacus, of which I know how to make a special accurtation with his water of Paradice, which I gathered partly from the fore

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forefaid Author and others; *Ripley* made his accurtation with Quick-filver precipitated with Gold, and the imbibition with Corrofive water, which I like nor, because the Elixir so made will be the greatest poison, as himself confesset, that it were better for a man to eat the eyes of a Basilisk; then taste that Elixir.

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But becaufe I defire to fet down this accurtation of Lead alone and his Elements, that no ftrange body may be added to our Elixit, and alfo that it may be made a Medicine for all nies; I have found out the way of making alone with the *Mercury* of Saturne and his own proper Tincture; for I make a body of one thing which is a fpirit, and make that Medicine with its own proper fpirit. Read all the Philosophers, and you thall never find a word of this process, nor none of the Ancients will teach thee how to make the *Mercury* of Saturne, which that it may be briefly done, this following work will fnew at large in our'Holy Guide.

CHAP.II.

The Medicine, Elixir, Fermentation, Imbibition Precipitation, Quick-Silver, Saturne, Lead, The Toad.

MY great Grandfather Christopher Heydon, faith in a certain Manuscript of his, Levi enim Arte norunt Alchimista Mercurium currentem conficere explumbo, that is to say, the Alchimists knew 12 The Rosse Crucian Crown. Book 3.

knew how by an easie Art to make current Merenry out of Lead; but what Art that was, neither he nor any of the ancients have shewed unto us, Quarite, quarite, saith the first Alchimist (so Paracelsus was pleased to say in imitation of him) & invenietis, pulsate & operietur vobis, that is to fay, Seek and you shall find, knock and it shall be opened unto you; which may rather feem to be the words of an envious Master, then the precepts of a Teacher. But having learned this, I learned to seek, that is to say to read; I read, I knocked, that is, I tried many experiments, although they were repugnant to doctrine and Philosophy, therefore although I almost despaired of that Art, yet because nothing is difficult to the industrious, by often knocking, at last I found it apart, by what means I attained to the Art of fuch a facility, that is to fay, of making Quick-filver of Lead; and when the process is read to the operator, it will be rather rejected then believed: but to the end this Art may be revealed as a great secret, I thought it necesfary to speak first of the Instruments necessary in this work, before I come to declare the doctrine, which are three in number, that is to fay, a Furnace, a Crucible and a pair of Tongs, as appeareth in the Holy Guide.

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CHAP.

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CHAP. III.

The Crecible, the Furnace, the Hole in the Top of the Furnace, the Tongues, the Coals.

Et the Furnace be D, the place filled with Coles E, whereunto put fire and when the Coals are well burnt, so that they give a clear flame and fire, take your Crucible A, well anailed that it break not with the fuddain heat, and put therein three ounces of filed Lead, having twelve ounces of Mercury fublimate well ground, and Salt Armoniack fix ounces mixed together, which put upon the filings of Lead into the Crucible A; and when the fire is ftrong and glowing hot; take your Tongs C; and prefently take up your Crucible, and put it in B, the hole in the top of the Furnace till you hear a great noise and buzzing, then fo foon as you can (leaft the Quickfilver flie away with the spirits) take away the Crucible with the matter therein, and fet it in an earthen difh filled with afhes to cool; and when it is cold strike the lower part of the Crucible, for that the matter of the Lead may fall into an earthen difh; and you shall find your Lead converted into Quick-filver.

This Crucible and Furnace is at large charactered in the Holy Gnide.

This work is to be reiterated with new fpirits till you have a fufficient quantity of Quick-filver, with which proceed as followeth to precipi-

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tate this Quick-lilver, that from a ipirit it may be converted into a fixed body by fixation.

Take of this Quick-filver fo much as you please, and put it to precipitate in a round glass well luted, and set it in ashes to the top of the glass: yet let us stay here a while, that your unstanding may be the more enlightened.

Therefore understand that the intention of this work is to fix the fpirit, which may sooner be done with the spirit of a fixed body, which before was Homogeneal with the body; and which of its own nature defireth to joyn again with its body.

Therfore nature requireth that fhe may be helped by Art in this work: to which the Artift confenting, he adminifieth thereto the pure and defired metal, which is delighteth to adhere unto; which metal is Gold, which is thus prepared, that it be fooner parted by the Quick-filver and flick thereunto.

Take as much pure Gold as you pleafe, and diffolve it in aqua regis mixed with equal part of acetum acerrimum, of Lac virginis; then fet it to digefuthe fpace of a day, then put your diffolution into an Alimbeck, and fet it Balneo, to diffill away the water as dry as you can, and do thus three times, and the third time diffill it in afhes, that the Salt Armoniack may fublime. Then put diffilled Vinegar upon the matter remainings and after it hath flood three days in Balneo, diffill the Vinegar away in afhes, that all the fubftance of the Salt Armoniack may fublime : and do thus thtee times, always putting in new Vinegar, untill the Oyl of the diffolved Gold remain in the

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bottom; then take of your Quick-filver three times fo much as your Gold, and pour it upon the folution of the Gold, that they may mix together and be united: then put your quick-filver with the folution in a round Glass stopped onely with a peece of Cotton, and with a flick put it down every day as it doth alcend, and keep your Glals in ashes the space of a moneth, till your quickfilver be turned into a red precipitate, then again diffolve it in new distilled Vinegar, till the whole lubstance of the quick-filver be diffolved, and the Vinegar be coloured in a golden colour, then difill away the Vinegar in afhes, and again presipitate the quick-filver, which is in the bottom of a Gold colour, into a red and fixed body; and o have you the Mercury precipitate of Saurne.

It remaineth now that the body be imbibed vith its foul, that this being from a spirit redued into a body, may again imbibe its foul, that it hay be diffolved therewith; therefore put it into Glass, and add thereto equal proportion of its oul or water of Paradice, and shut your Glass. rell the space of five days, till the body be difolved with the foul.

Then dry it in afhes till it penetrate and flow ; nd when it is dried, try it upon a hot Iron plate it be fixed and melt, if not, imbibe it again with alf the weight of its water, and do fo till you take it fufible and piercing by imbibing and tying it, and when it will melt in the fire, and enetrate, it is then the flone, and fit for fermention.

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We have faid enough of the manner of fermentation in the fecond Book, and therefore it is not neceffary to repeat it here: and so after fermentation it will be the Elixir.

Then it is to be augmented and projected, as is before declared; and thus the work of Saturne is accurtated, of which George Ripley faith,

Adrop is the father of the flone, Sericon his brother, Lympha his fifter, the earth its mother.

But if you defire to know all the fecret of Saturne or Lead, I will fet you down one process out of *Paracelfus*: when you have well prepared the heart of Saturne, faith he, take two or three ounces of that heart and grind it fmall with double weight of Salt-peter, and put it in a fubliming Glass, with a head well luted to fublime, encreasing the fire by little and little as long as any thing will ascend or fublime; thus far Paracelfus: now if you find this true, Ripley will tellyou what you fhall do with it, in these words.

When by the violence of the fire in the diffilation of the Gum of the Sericon, a certain white matter shall ascend sticking to the head of the Limbeck, like Ice, keep this matter which hath the property of Sulphur not burning, and is a fit matter for receiving form, you shall give it form after this manner by rubifying it in ass, and when it is red Sulphur, give it of its foul, until it pierce and flow, then ferment it.

Here I have delivered unto you all the ways and mannets of Saturne, which are found in any of the Philosophers Books : to the end therefore that the work may be compleated with a demonfir ation

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firation of this word Plambum Philosophorum, as appears in the Practical Compendium of *Ripley*, we say that the Philosophers Lead is not taken for Antimony but for Adrop, being converted into the Gum of Sericon.

It remaineth now that we in order treat of the third termination of this Book : therefore after we have done with Saturne, it is neceffary to fpeak of Jupiter, viz. Tin: but because there are many other ways of handling Saturne belides those we mentioned, therefore we refer the Reader thither, seeing he followeth his footsteps; for he is the off-spring of Saturne and naturally born from him.

CHAP. IV.

The third Table of the Elixir of Iron,

I T is not neceffary to prefix a peculiar Table to this metal alone, because it is set down before this book, nevertheles I will here reckon up its parts and operations as followeth.

Calcination.
Solution.
Seperation.
Conjunction,

5. Putrefation. 6 Sulphur. 7. Fermentation. 8. Elixir.

Exaltation or augmentation and projection is spoken of sufficiently in the former Books.

B 2

Mars

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Mars being most earthly of all the Planets or bodies, it is not to be doubted but that it may easily be reduced into a body with little labor; and therefore most easily converted into Salt, which is done by Calcination: therefore we will first shew his conversion into Salt.

Understand therefore, that hence arifeth a twofold confideration, that is to fay, that it be calcined one way into its body or Salt, the other way that the body be prepared for folution by calcination.

The practice differeth but a little, for whether you calcine Iron for its Salt or its Menthruum, one onely manner of preparation fufficeth.

That is to fay, that you take filings of Iron or Steel, as much as you pleafe, and mix therewith equal weight of Sulphur in an earthen body with a Limbeck will luted thereto, then fet it in afhes to fublime till all the Sulphur be fublimed from it, then diffolve the filings which remain in the bottom in Aqua Regia, and it will be converted into Salt, which will be cleanfed from the faid water, if you put thereon diffilled Vinegar and diffill it away; do thus three times with new Vinegar, and you fhall have a yellowifh red Salt in the bottom, which then is a body to be joyned to the foul, which keep in warm afhes till you ufe it.

Now for the practice of Iron for diffolution, take filings of Iron or Steel, fo much as you pleafe, and put it in an Iron difh filled with Vinegar, and fet it in the flaming fire the fpace of three hours, then take it out and let it cool; seiterate this work four or five times, then calcine

BOOK 3. 1 be Rose Crucian Crown,

calcine it with Sulphur is you did before.

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When it is thus calcined, set it to dissolve in a corrofive water, by adding equal weight of our acetum acerrimum; and let it fand till it have diffolved fo much as it can in the cold, then fet it in hot ashes, and let it fand there the space of four or five days, pour off the water and dry which is not diffolved ; and again calcine it and diffolye it, and when it is diffolved, fo as the water be coloured red, pour it out into a body, and keep it till you have diffolved as much calcined Iron as you pleafe.

Then take all your diffolutions, and with an Alimbeck diffill away the water in Balneo, and put distilled Vinegar upon the matter remaining in the bottom, and let it stand upon it in Balneo the space of seven days; then take out your Glass and filter the diffolution, and then again in Balneo difiill off the Vinegar, and in the botcom will remain a thick Oyl of the Iron or Steel; but if it be not disfolved to your mind, reiterate your folution in Raymund's calcinative water, but it would be better if it were edulcorated with Aqua vita, drawing it'away again in Balneo, and so you have your Iron disfolved into a liquor.

Therefore proceed to distillation, that there may be a separation, and distill it in an earthen Vesselin a strong fire, encreasing the fire as much as you can, and receive the oyl, or foul, or red tinclure of Mars separated from the remaining feces by the nose of the Limbeck, which oyl is the most permanent tincture for colouring Sulphures for the red work, or for exaltation of all Elixirs

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Elixits in colour, for it makes it tinge and coloar higher.

When you have thus prepared the tincture, then proceed to conjunction, and work with the Sale before referved, taking three or four ounces of the Salt, and equal weight of the foul.

Then feal it up and fet it to putrifie in Balneo, and keep it there till it pass through all colours and be white, and then it is Sulphur of Nature,

Then take out your Glass and set it in ashes in a greater degree of heat till it be red, then dissolve the red Sulphur with its own soul, and again dissolve and fix it; dissolving it in Balneo, and fixing it under the fire, and so it is prepared for fermentation.

The fermentation is, as hath often been spoken of before, with the resolved oyl of the Sulphur of Gold in a fourfold proportion to the Medicine, that by the addition of the ferment, it may be made Elixit transmuting all bodies.

And note that this Elixir of Iron excelleth all other Elixirs, for it rubifieth more, and tingeth higher, and is better for mans body, for it prevaileth against the spleen, constringeth the belly and cureth wounds, it knitteth broken bones together, and stoppeth the superfluous Flux of the Course.

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CHAP. V.

The fourth Table of the Phylical and Alchymical Tinsture out of the red Lyon and Glue of the Eagle, drawn out from the Authors experience.

TT is chiefly to be remembred how we first L taught you to diffolve Antimony with our acetum acerrimum, which may be also well done if you diffolve it in our calcinative water, and after that Antimony is calcined which we spoke of in the end of the second book; it is also to be remembred that in the end of the book I spoke of the Glue of the Eagle in the fixth Table of the first book; these being remembred, it is to be understood that we attribute no other beginning to this accurtation, except that where before we took the blood of the red Lyon and the Glue of the Eagle when they were both destroyed; we now joyn them found and not hurt together, that they living may mortifie and diffolve themselves, which I have firly called Corporeal Matrimony, or the Union, for in this wedlock they dye together, that they may be vivified in the Celestial Matrimony ; therefore it is not to be wondred if this Table differ from the other, for this pertaineth to the handling of spirits, the other way teacheth the manner of making the Elixir of bodies; therefore we now come to demonstrate the foregoing Table.

Therefore that I may plainly reveal all things unto

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unto you, take Antimony well ground, half a pound, and as much Mercury fublimate, likewife ground, and grind them both togeth upon a marble, till you cannot know them one from another; then fet them in a cold place, that the matter diffolving may drop into a Glafs fet underneath, for when the matters are well mixed together, then fay, that they will both fhortly be diffolved when the water is perfectly diffolved, it will be of a greenifh colour and lothfome fmell.

Put this water with the thick part with it into a Glafs, and let it ftand the fpace of three days in a fixatory under the fire, and in fhort time you fhall fee yout diffolvednefs of a brownifh black colour, and after, that is to fay, in the forefaid time it will be red, fomething higher then red Lead.

Diffolve this calcined matter in Raymunds calcinative water, and when you have diffolved it all into a red liquor or deep yelow, then is your matter brought well into its Chaos.

Put this liquor into a fit body with an Alimbeck and receiver, and by diftallation feparate the red oyl or the red Mercury from the white body which remaineth in the earth; and if any matter afcend into the head of the Alimbeck, defpife it not, but trie if it be fixed; and if it be not fixed enough, fublime it till it be fixed.

Whereunto joyn equal weight of its foul, for the Celeftial Matrimony, and always leave out the earth in the bottom if you have any fublimate fixed, if not, take the white earth remaining in the bottom, with which proceed as before is faid, and joyn the white body with the foul; when they

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they are thus joyned or married, fee them to impregnate and revivifie in Bulneo, till it pafs through all colours, and at laft be converted into red, which then is the flone.

The manner of Fermentation, Augmentation, both in quantity and quality, and projection, is spoken of before in other works.

And thus Sons, Brethren and Reader, I have delivered and opened (and also have amended many things) all the fecrets of the Ancient Philosophers, whose writings were rather published to conceal the Art, then to make it manifest or teach it; although it pleased Hermes Trismegistus, the first writer of this Art, both to fay and protest that he had never revealed, taught, nor prophefied any thing of this Art to any, exept feating the day of Judgement or the damnation of his Soul, for fhuning the danger thereof, even as he received the gift of Faith from the Author of Faith, so he left it to the faithful; yet when you read his writings, either in his Smaragdine Table, or in his Apocalips, or his twelve Golden Gates, and shall find nothing plain or manifest, what will you think of fuch an Author? Believe me all the Ancients have concealed the fecret of their preparations in the großs work, although they writ most famously of the Philosophical operation; therefore I have used my endeavour to trye, for out of their writings I found that the Elixir might be made of the Planets or Mettals, and also of mean Minerals, which came more neer to a metallick nature, then reading more, I found a certain method amongst them all, as it were with one consent or voice on this wife.

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First and principally, that bodies should be made incorporeal, that is to fay, discorporated, or discompounded, which then is called the Hyle or Chaos.

Secondly, That out of this Chaodical fubfance, which is one thing, three Elements, fhould be feparated and putified.

Thirdly, That the feparated and purified elements fhould be joyned, the man and the woman, the body and the foul, heaven and earth, with infinite other names fo called, that the ignorant might think they were diverfe, which onely were nothing elfe but water and Salt, or the body and fpirit. or foul, that is to fay, white *Mercury* and red, which they joyned together that a new and pure body might be created in putrefaction, that a Microcofmical infant might be created in imitation of the Creation, that is to fay, Sulphur of Nature.

Fourthly, That it fhould be fed with Milk, that is to fay, with its own proper Tincture, and after nourifhed by Fermentation, that it may grow to its perfect firength.

Having learned these, I begun to practice, and in the practice of every body and spirit, I found diverse errors; but reading more and trying more, at last I found the manner and true way of diffolving all bodies, separating and conjoyning them; finding the composition of their secret of secrets, that is to say, Lac virginis, or Acetum acerrimum, and Raymunds calcining water, wherewith I diffolved all bodies at pleasure, and perfected the gross work; wherefore I purposed, contrary to the custome of the Philosophers,

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phers, to reveal the whole work, left I being envious, fhould be the Author of error like them; therefore I have added their works to my own experiments and inventions, which are plainly and truely writ, that the Artift need to read no books but mine, for herein is almost all things contained, which are found plainly writ by the Philosophers; and also those things which are found true by my own experience.

Now you have all things methodically in this Art without error, with which by the help of God, you may attain to the end.

Alchymy revealeth and openeth unto us four other fectets.

The first is, the composition of Pearls, far greater and fairer then natural ones, which cannot be perfectly done without the help of the Elixir.

The fecond is the manner of making precious Stones of ignoble ones, by the fame Art which we taught before in malleable Glass.

The third is the manner of making artificial Carbunckles in imitation of natural ones, which few or none have spoken of.

The fourth is the manner of making Mineral Amber, of which *Paracelfus* hath onely writ in his book of vexations of Philosophers, and in the last Edition of bis works in the fix of his Archidoxes : but because they cannot be made without the help of the Elixirs ; therefore they deferve a place amongs the Elixirs ; of the fourth, that is to fay; of the vertue or rather the vice of making Amber, I shall handle it coldly : I have referved the explanation of this Ænigma, rill the last place,

The Rosie Crucian Crown. place, wherefore it is faid, that the Elixir is perfected in the Decimal number.

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COLORIAN LINES

CHAP. VI.

The fifth Table, of making of Pearls.

THis Table of making Pearls, confifteth of these parts, that is to say,

Lac Virginis. Hydrochloin Acid Diffolved Pearls, Quick-filver, And The White Elixir.

Take Lac Virginis, or Acetum Acerrimum, fo much as you think sufficient for dissolving the Pearls, as in double proportion to the Pearls; as if there be three ounces of the Pearls, let there be fix ounces of Lac Virginis, wherein dissolve the Pearls, and let the Glass in Balneo to difgest the space of a day, then pour out the folution, and diffill it in Balneo, and in the bottom of the Glass you shall find the thick Oyl of the Pearls, whereunto add fo much of your white corporeal Elixir as sufficieth to make the matter like passe, and put thereto equal weight of the Pearls of Quick-filver ; if the matter be too thin, put more powder of the Elixir, if it be too thick, add more Lac Virginis or Quick-filvers till it be like Liver ; grind this mass upon a stone till it be brought to a fit thickness.

Then

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v Then make it up in what form you pleafe, therefore it is necessary that you have a pair of Brass or Iron Moulds in readiness (but it would be better they were of Silver) of what form you will, and fill them with this matter while it is fofc; then peirce them through with a needle, or fuch like thing, and put as many of these in a Glass as you will (but first hang them upon a thred) and close well the Glass, and bury it with the Pearls therein two foot under the earth, and let it fand there the space of fix months till they be congealed with the cold into a fhining and clear substance like natural Margarites. These Pearls made and compounded in this manner, areno less then natural ones, but much greater and more excellent by reason of the white Elixir. end a side of the of stats to the

C H A P. VII.

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The fixth Table of the Magistery of Carbunckles.

WE now come to fpeak of Carbunckles, which have their birth or original in the pits, and Golden Mines of the earth, of the fpirit of Gold and Mineral Salt indurated and corporeal, being decocted and difgefted into the hardness of ftone by the Archeus of Nature, as well by the heat of the Climate, as by the great heat of the Snn; for they arife from the fpirit of the Minere of Sol

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or Gold under the earth, by whole influence they fhine, as also from the hard Mineral Salt, by the mixture of which they are hardned into the nature of flone; whence the Philosopher intendeth and endeavoureth as near as he can to imitate nature by Art, and to make and compound artificial Carbunckles above the earth, with the fame materials which Nature formeth them of under the earth; therefore he ufeth the fame principles, operating with the fpirit and foul of Sol undivided, and the most hard Salt of the earth, whereof Venice Glass is made, which two are the material Organs for Manuals: three things are required, that is to fay, a Glass-maker, Furnace, a flaming fire, and a Crncible.

We now come to the materials, which are two, and are to be joyned together; the first giveth the form, the other receiveth it: that which giveth the form is the spirit and foul of Sol or Gold joyned together in the red Elixir, and is the agent, as it were the man; that which receiveth the form, is the harden Salt of the earth contained in Glass, and is the patient, as it were the woman; the agent is the power of heaven impregnating the earth, the patient is the power of the earth, retaining the impression of the heaven:

Having thus demonstrated the Theory, we now lay the foundation of the practice, which are two, whereof the first is the preparation of the Elixir, the other of the Glass.

Therefore your red corporeal Elixir is to be diffolved with the oyl or tincture of Mars or Iron, because it hath the greatest vertue above all

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all other bodies, by whole Cœlestial power the Earth, that is to fay the glaffe, is brought to the hardnesse of stone, and converted into a stone : And fo the Elixir is prepared for projection upon glasse; but for the preparation of glasse there is no more required but that it be made of the same matter that Venice-glasse is made of ; the composition of which if you know not, Take as much Venice-glaffe as you please, and weigh it exactly, upon which project your Elixir : when you have so done, put your glasse in the Crucible to melt; and when it is well molten, then take your Corporeal red Elixir diffolved as before (or if you will, undifiolved) as much as fufficeth to tinge the molten glasses and put it tied up in a paper into the Crucible upon the molten glasse, ftirring it's little with a rod; and there let it ftand the space of one hour : then take out the Crucible, and pour the matter into an ingot, and it will be malleable, but as hard as glaffe, and stonelike to the fight : and you may either cut it like a Aone; or work it with a hammer. This Carbunckle-flone or metal hath the property of a Carbunckle in thining and glittring above all natural Carbuncles; and if it rouch a Toad or Spider, they presently die, because it taketh virtue from the Elixir against all poyson : And if the fick carrie this Carbunckle about him, fo that it doth touch the region of his heart, it takes away the Cardiack paffions, and diminisheth the ftrength of the difease.

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CHAP. VIII.

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The feventh Table denoting the composition of Minerall Electrum or Amber, as well naturall as Artificiall; and also speaketh of a Bell made of Amber used by Tritemius.

HAving finished these two Secrets, we now come to the Electrum : but whether it is to be reckoned amongst stones, or amongst bodies, it may be doubted, because in the West-Indies it is found writ in the Spanish Decads of the vertue thereof; it is affirmed to be the greatest Antidote against all poyson, and far more noble then Gold : but if it be a metal, it must necessarily be the chief and supreme of all metals; for other metals have their original from Sulphure and Mercury, but this metal confilteth of seven metals, and is the belt of all those which grow in the Archaas of the Earth. For where Gold is taken for the most noble of all metals by reason of its perfect digestion and colour, this hath a greater degree of digettion and colour, having a higher colour, that is to fay, clear red, approaching neerer to the true colour of the Sun. Foras Gold is the Sun of other metals, so this Electrum is to Gold as the Heaven to the Sun, wherein Nature as it were in Heaven hath created certain ftars fhining with clear beams of a Silverish colour, shewing plain to the eye that it confisteth of red and white metals mixt in the highest degree of digestion. 07

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On the Contrary it may be objected,

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Ob. 1. That there are onely fix metallick bodies, amongst which this is found to be none ; therefore it is rather a Spirit then a body.

Alfo thus.

Ob. 2. The minere of every body or metal is converted into metal by fusion, but the minere of Electrum in melting always remaineth; therefore it is no metal.

Otherwife thus:

Ob: 3. There is nothing generated in the earth but stones; spirits, metals, or mean minecals: but Electrum is none of these; therefore it eems to be no mineral.

r. To the first objection it is thus answered. We fay, that it is not apparent out of the books of any of the antient Philosophers; that they ever dreamed of this natural and mineral Electram; But more to the purpole : those are called Spiits, which flie from the fire; but the Electrum lieth not from the fire : therefore it is no Spirits is Quickfilver and the reft, and also mean mineals.

2. We now come to the next. We grant hat the minere of every metal is converted inometal by the fire, which confifts of Mercury and Sulphure. This Axiome is evident in those netals which are imperfect, and flie from the fire ither in their minere or in themselves, after they se reduced into metall; and also the Gold mitere, although before melting it flie from the ire, before the Gold be molten and converted inco

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into metal; yet because Gold never flieth after it be molten, but is found fixed in all probation, therefore it is accounted the worthiest of all metals which confist of Sulphur and Mercury.

3. Now to the third, I fay, that I think it rather is of a flony and metallick nature joyned together; by which mixture it differs from a flone, and allo from metal: but becaufe it confifteth of Mercury, Earthly Salt and Sulphur mixed, therefore it gets unto it a mixt nature of them; fo that it is half flone, half metal.

Wherefore it is to be judged that it confifteth of three natures mixed together; that is to fay, mineral, metallick, and flony; and is the beft ofall those which grow in the Archeas of the Earth: for it exceeds mean minerals in fixation and conflancy, because they passe away in sume by long melting, and vanish to nothing; or else they melt cashly in moyfure, as falts, & c. But this *Electrum* or Amber remaineth fixed and constant as well in the fire as water.

It exceeds metals in digeftion, colour and dignity. In digeftion, becaufe it is endewed with the figne of greater and more perfect digeftion : for as Gold is more yellow by reafon of his greater heat and more perfect digeftion; So this Eleftrum, becaufe it hath a higher colour then Gold hath, therefore it is more digefted in colour : for as Gold exceeds other metals in colour, fo Elea Erum exceeds Gold; for Gold is yellow, but Eleftrum red, which is a higher colour then yellow. And as Silver is the Luna of white metals, fo Gold is the Sol of red metals : So Eleftrum is to Gold, as the heaven is to Sol in dignity or value :

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for by how much Gold is more noble then Silver, so much this Electrum is more noble then Gold. Laftly, it excels fromes in fhining, and vertue. In fhining, because they fhine by reason of their hardneffe ; fo this Electrum Theweth many fparkes, not by reafon of its hardnels, but by reafon of his compleatnesse. And as the heaven is adorned with Stars, fo this Electrum with sparkling, because it hath the clearness and brightnesse of all metals. And as the Beaven containeth all the Stars and Planets, to this Elettram, which is the Heaven of metals, containeth the Sun and Moon, and the reft of the Planets in it felf; Gold and Silver as it were the greater Luminaties, the otherbodies or metals'as the reft of the Planets, mean minerals as Stars in vertue. For although many Rones have fingular properties and vertues; so that some help the sight', others the Spleen, some she Heart; some stop blood, some hinder abortivenesse, some hasten childbirth, some refist poyfon: yet there is no one found which takes away all infirmities, as Elettrum doth, more then all mean minerals, metals or ftones, according to his threefold conjunction, that is to fay, Mineral, Metallick, and Lapidifick. 1013 . 22.

Therefore what loever others please to think of this Natural Electrumsthis seemeth most probable to mey that it is not simply a metal; but of a nat ture 'exceeding metal : for whereas ftones, mean minerals and metals are generated of Salt, Sulphur and Mercury, this Electrum takes his original from Stones; Minerals and Metals: from Stones it takes Salt, from Minerals Mercurys from Metals Sulphur? These three being brought inte C 3

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into one by the Archeas of nature, are its Elements, from a greater vertue and power of nature; which Elements have formed a higher degree of perfection then in any other (tone, mineral or metal, as it were by the Commandment of God Nature fhould afcribe a Crown of vertue and dignity above all minerals.

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But however it be, it is taken two manner of ways amongh the later Magitians and Alchymifts, that is to fay, that which is made naturally, and artificially; naturally is that which groweth in the natural Archeas of the Earth; the Artificial is that which is made by Art above the Earth in imitation of Nature.

Whence Paracelyse a worthy Master in Magick feeing fully the nature of it, and the utility of Alchymy, commanding to make the Elixir thereof when as its natural body cannot be had, in his booke of the Vexations of Philosophers, and the fixth of his Magical Archidoxes, teacheth to compound an Artificial Electrum, that the Elixir must be made thereof, as appears more at large in the faid Bookes; which I like not at all. He teacheth how to make the Elixir out of Elettrum; I contratily, the Electrum out of the Elixir: he would make the Elixir of the vertue of the Electrum; and I the Electrum of the vertue of the Elixir. I leave his way to his own followers, but I defire mine not to weary and vex themselves in such a weak, but a more strong principle.

I make two kindes of *Electrum* one way; the fift whereof is <u>Spiritual</u>, the other Corporeal. Fift of the former: after you have made your red

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Corporeal Elixir by projection, in the fame Crucible melt one ounce of Lead, and likewife another of Tyn; and when they are hot, take the SE Crucible from the fire, and pour therein one ounce of Silver melted in another Crucible; and Azo when these three white metals begin to be cold, take two ounces of Mercury well purged, and put ArnViv? those two ounces of Quickfilver upon the molten metall by drops : then increase the fire gently, that too much of the Mercury do not fume away: Fer chen in three other several Crucibles melt Iron, C. , at Copper, and Gold; of each one ounce, which you must have in readiness molten. And first, an 31 put your molten Gold into the Crucible, where your four white metals stand molten, and pour it upon them; then your Copper, and last of all your Iron, stirring the whole masse with a stick, that it may mix together; and let it stand in a melting heat the space of an hour : then take all out that is melted in the Crucible, and confider well the weight of it ; and according to the goodnesse of your Elixir, make projection for medicine. And thus you have created and compounded spiritual Electrum of the weight of seven ounces, confilling of feven metals; which metals to converted into medicine, will be the Elisir of Electrum, and an Universal medicine, for you need not after regard upon what body (or metall) you project it. It is also the chiefelt medicine for mans body: for although three or four of all the Difeases of the Microcolm were united together , yet they may be cured with this one medicine. If you diffolve part of this in Spirit of VVine, and distill away the same spirit in

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Balneo, and the Oyl of the medicine or Elixir remain in the bottome, as is taught in the fecond book, you shall have the chiefest medicine of life, and most Noble Aurum potabile.

Note that if your Iron melt not well, then diffolve your *Electrum* in the Oyl or Tindure of Mars, diffolving and congeling until it have imbibed a fufficient quantity.

But if you defite to make corporeal *Eleftrum*, when your medicine beginneth to fail to convert metals any more into medicine, then in like manner project your medicine upon your melted metals or bodies, and they will be converted into corporeal *Eleftrum* metallick and malleable; of the vertue of which as I do endeavour to write nothing; fo alfo of its vice, or rather of the vicioufneffe of those that abuse it, I will touch a little sparingly.

Paracelfus writeth , that Virgill Hispanus and Trithemins made a Diabolical Bell of this Ar-Efficiall Electrum, upon which when they would invocate Spirits (which they called by a more decent name of Intelligences) they writ the Character of what Spirit they defired; and at the third ring of the bell the Spirits obeyed their defires fo. long as they defired to talk with them ; and when they would talk no more, they hid the Character, and by the reverse ringing of the bell the Spirits departed. He that will forfake God, and require knowledge, aid and assistance from the Devil, let him thate with Arbucell, and with him descend to the Infernal Lake. But we that are true Magicians, or rather Philosophers, confiding in God the Father, and the holy Trinity, approving

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of Natural and lawful Magick or true Philosophy, but accounting the supernatural altogether infamous and unlawful. And we require the doctrine and wisdome of divine goodness, and the holy Spirit, to whom be honour and glory for evermore. Amen.

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The eighth Table, which explaineth the meaning of the Philosophers when they speak of the tenth Number wherein the Elixit is finished: And also sheweth the wonderfull secret of the Animal stone, out of George Riply, with two other of his Workes.

WE now come to the Last Chapter of this Book, wherein is declared what the Philofophers mean when they bid us finish the worke in the tenth number : it is to be understood that as out of the Hyle or Chaos four are divided; fo out of the Hyle or Chaos of metals. Because metals or bodies when they are diffolved into liquor, then they are contained in the first or one number, which is the folution of the body, of which by diffillation is made two, (That is to fays Heaven and Earth, the Menstruum and Sale) that which remainer in the bottome is the Earth or Sale, that which is diffilled over is the Menstruum and Heaven. And fo you have One, two.

When the Menstruum is separated, it is divided into Three, that is to say, into Water, Air, and Fire:

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Fire : Yet it is to be noted, that the Air, which is the first part of the water containing an aery disposition, although it be in the form of water, yet it is reputed aer, by reason of the confinilitude of the quality; and after its perfect rectification, it is a tinging Mercury, and the white Spirit of metals. In like manner is to be confidered of the Oyl, which although it is not in the form of fire, but a liquor; yet by reason of its Ardent heat, it is called fire, and the Soul or red tinging Mercury. And fo there is One, Two, Three.

When there is a Conjunction of these three, that is to say, the air and water with its Salt or Earth, in purrestablion, these three are united into one quintessent, and are made a new body; in which three are united in one Sulphur, which Sulphur is the true Philosophers Mercury: and in making this white Sulphur, you have once turned the Philosophers wheel.

But that the work may be perfeded in the tenth Number, if you adde the fire which is the fourth Element, to these three concluded in the forefaid unity, and rubified; then if these four in a new Conjunction be putrified in a lent fire of ashes, then it is the store: for in this work it changeth colours again, and is converted into a red store: and by this means you have joyned four into one, that is to say, 1. 2. 3. 4. make ten: And so the store is finished in the tenth number, because you have turned the Philosophers wheel twice, as *Ripley* witnesseth thus.

But yet again two times turn about the wheel.

The

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The flone is to be diffolved again with the fire, or Soul, of Tincture, and dried again until it pierce and flow; then it is to be fermented into *Elixir* with the Oyl of the Luminary; and fo you have turned the Philosophers wheel again, which is then called the medicine of the third order. Of the folution of this, *Ripley* hath writ these verses, teaching the resolution of the white and red flone before it be transmuting Elixir, calling them his Bases, faying,

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Do as I bid thee, then diffolve the fe fore faid Bafes witty, And turn them into perfect Oyls with our true water Ardent: By Circulation that must be done, according to our Intent. The fe Oyls will fix crude Mercury, and convert bodies all Into perfect Sol and Luna when thou shalt make projection: That Oylie Substance pure and fixt Raymond Lully did call His Basilisk, of which he never made so plain detetion.

By which verfes it plainly appeareth, his Bafes were onely two Sulphurs, or two flones, which in another place he called his *Mineres*: and thefe mineres ought to be diffolved by his Ardent water, by circulation of the Oyl or foul upon the Sulphur, until it become a flone: for in this place he takes both the fpirit and the foul for the Ardent water, willing that the fpirit and foul be admini-

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administred according to their tinging natures, for the resolution of the proper Bass. And thus have you the words of this Ænigma explained of the tenth number; which seing it is the end of the Art, I have referved it till the end.

It now remaineth that we reveal one fecret of Ripley, which was never spoken of by any Philosopher; that is to say, the manner of making the Sulphar of Nature out of the Minere of the Microcosm, which is mans blood, of which he writ the whole practice in his book of the twelve gares, but most chiefly in his Medulla, where he teacheth its preparation and work more plainly. And because I have proved it to be trues therefore I tell it more confidently, because I defire to write nothing of my own fancy, but that which I have first proved. Hearken almost the last verses which he writ in his Twelve gates in the part

In Inever fam true work truly but one, Of which in this Treatife the truth I have told: Study onely therefore how to make our stones. For thereby mayst thou win both Silver and Gold. Opon my writing therefore to ground thee be bold. So shalt thou loose nought, if God be thy guide: Trust to my doctrine, and thereby abide.

bod of the

Of Earthly, composition that ever God wrought, In whom is the four elements proportioned by natures A natural Mercuriality which costeth right noughts Out of his minere by Art it is brought: For our metalls be nought else but our mineres twos Of Sun and Moons wisely Raymund said so. The

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The clearness of the Moon and of the Sun so bright, In these two mineres descendeth secretly; Howbeit the clearness is hid from thy sight, By craft thou shalt make it appear openly. This hid stone, this one thing therefore putrisse, Wash him in his own broth till white he become, Then ferment him wittily. Lo here is all and sum.

Out of these onely words there are two points observed, whereup to the Author Recreth: The first is, that man's blood he put to put refactions that Sulphur may be made thereof. The second is, that it be fermented wittily; As if he should fay, the Artist should prepare it, that it may be fit for fermentation. Thus far of the Theory; Now we come to declare the practice out of Ripley's medulla.

Take Mans blood drawn out of the Veine in March, and of a Martial man the Author meaneth (as I think) of a Cholerick complexion; and when the blood is drawn out of the vein, let it cool, that the Green water may be drawn from it, which is faltifh: for as long as that faltifh water remaineth with the blood, it will not let it putrifie, becaufe the water preferveth the blood from putrifaction while it is in a mans body.

When it is thus prepared, put it in an Eggeglaffe well closed, and fet it in Balneo to putrifie, in forty days or leffe it will be black; and fo go on till it be white. When you have your white Sulphur, divide it into two patts, and keep one for the white flone, and rubifie the other for the red work. And fo you have two mineres, of which it is faid, For our metals be nought elfe but our mineres two Of Sun and Moon, wifely Raymond faid fo.

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And fo to the end of the verfes, as before. Yet here it is to be underftood, that the Philofophers Sulphur is not mineral or metallick Sulphur, from which metalls grow under the Earth : but it is a purified Sulphur drawn out of metalls made by Art above the Earth : out of which and the Mercury of the body the flone arifeth. For believe me, I had never writ any thing of this Art, except I had feen the Sulphur of the Microcofms and the perfect folution of other bodies and Sulphurs.

Now have you prepared your Sulphur out of the minere of the Microcofm : If you be a Philofopher, proceed to the end, and conclude your work in the tenth number : If not, you are not born to our Philofophy; therefore give the Sulphur Mercury, that the work may be compleat.

I believe there lieth not any Secret in the Chymicall Art, which thou haft not truly declared and playnly taught. But to the end that thefe things which we have fpoken may be more furely committed to memory, we will repeat the general process of the parts as it is described in the beginning of this third book. And because there is not one, but diverse handling of the bodies, therefore the Table is divided into three parts; the middle whereof discribeth the process of imperfect bodies to the fione; the other two teach the preparation of perfect metals for fermentation of the flone of imperfect bodies.

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The manner of preparing imperfect bodies.

C Alcination of the body. Solution of the body into Hyle. Separation by Diffillation. Conjunction of the feparated. Patrefaction of the conjoyned. Sulphar by putrefaction to the Stone. Fermentation of the Stone to the Elixir. Augmentation of the Elixir. Projection of the Elixir.

Some make twelve parts, as *Ripley* and others, who call them twelve gates: but becaufe three other degrees are contained in these, it would be ridiculous to repeat them : and because the way of toth ferments, whether white or red, is the same.

The Table of Fermentation.

C Alcination. Solution. Putrefaction. Sulphur. Solution of the Sulphur. Red ferment. Aurum Potabile. Quinteffence, Elixir vite.

So likewise it is faid of Silver when it is prepared.

White Ferment. Argentum Potabile. Quintessence. White Elixir of Life.

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Now the Radiant Sun of the Philosophers arifeth, which will drive away the dark Chimera's, and disperse the black clouds. Here the Ænig-ma's are opened, thistles and thorns are cut up and burned. Now Reader mayelt thou fafely walke in the Philosophers gardens, and gather molt wholefome fruit. Here grow most fragrant roses both white and red. Here grow Vines bearing full grapes, of which is made the wholefome Nectar. Here are found trees of health and wealth, Trees of the Sun and of the Moon. Here fpring two cool fountaines of Sciences and Knowledge fliding artificially through the garden upon the molt pretious gems, and Silver and Golden Sands. Thou hast one field of Paradice given thee from God, that during the Life of his elect they may be kept in healthifree from all fickness. Here the corrupt Nature puts on an incorrupt Nature. Here impure things are turned into pure things. Here are all difeafes loft , and health encreafeth. Here the perfect unity 'and harmony of body dwell, and here is also all the moffexcellent treasures. Therefore let us always praise God for his gifts : let us worthip him bobey him, love him, and befeech him to establish his grace upon us, and conduct us to eternity through all his ways of goodneffe, knowledge and faith, to Life eternal. Amen.

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